PRESENT DAY PROBLEMS.
Next Sunday will appear "The Training For Citizens," by Merrill Edwards Gates, president of Amherst College.

NUMBER 4216.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1891.

WHERE DO YOU VOTE? The official list of voters in this city is published in The Gazette. This ought to interest every voter.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

WARNING TO CHILI.

Minister Egan Gives his Message to the Junta.

ANOTHER SAILOR DEAD.

Foreign Representatives Side with the Americans and Believe that the Junta will Comply with Egan's Just Demands.

SANTIAGO DE CHILI, Oct. 26.—The United States government to-day through Minister Egan formally demanded reparation from the government of Chili for the attack recently made in Valparaiso upon a number of seamen of the U. S. S. Baltimore.

The demand made by the United States minister is no informal suggestion that the government at Washington expects some kind of satisfaction for the killing and wounding of the Baltimore's sailors. It is a friendly worded notification, giving notice, according to directions received from the state department at Washington, that the United States demands an immediate explanation of the whole affair and reparation for the injuries inflicted.

Acting upon the instructions sent to him from Washington, Mr. Egan presented the Chilian Junta with a detailed statement of the results of the investigation made by Captain Schley of the Baltimore and by Mr. Egan himself. As it appears now, there seems to be no doubt that the Junta will soon make the reparation demanded.

ADDITIONAL CARGOES DESTROYED.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—A short cablegram has received at the navy department today from Commander Schley, at Valparaiso, announcing the death of Wm. Turnbull, one of the Baltimore's crew, whose wounds were received in the recent assault in Valparaiso upon the American sailors.

MORE SAILORS SOUNDLY.

SANTIAGO, Oct. 26. John Turnbull, another of the Baltimore's wounded men died today. He had received no less than twenty wounds, several of them penetrating his body.

Acting on instructions from Washington Minister Egan today, after making a brief but pointed summary of all the facts involved in the recent trouble, formally demanded reparation from the government of Chili. Mr. Egan explained in distinct terms the feeling of great indignation which the state department at Washington feels at the whole affair and informs the Junta that this is no informal suggestion, that his government expects some kind of satisfaction for the assault upon the Baltimore's men and demands an immediate explanation of the whole affair and reparation for the injuries inflicted. The opinion prevails among foreign ministers here that the Junta will immediately make the reparation demanded. The sympathy of the foreign ministers is entirely with Captain Schley and Minister Egan's action gives them satisfaction.

After giving a full list of the Baltimore's crew who were injured by the mob, Mr. Egan's [illegible] that thirty-five of the sailor's crew were on the day of the riot [illegible] by the police, and that they were [illegible] in [illegible] day without any cause.

In conclusion Mr. Egan said that the survivors of the Captain's crew and [illegible] the opinion that some of the assaults inflicted upon the American sailors were taken up [illegible] and that the police officers of Valparaiso, who are armed with bayonets, took part in the riot. The Americans were without arms and practically defenseless.

Mr. Egan, in presenting the Chilian Junta with this statement, [illegible] absolutely calls attention to the utility of brutality of the police of Valparaiso in using bayonets to drive the Americans to pieces [illegible] over the [illegible] upon the Americans [illegible] by [illegible] it is as a simple street row. Up to the present time the junta has [illegible] no regard for the attack made on the American sailors.

[illegible]

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The [illegible] in regard to the attack on the American sailors in Valparaiso between the United States and Chili [illegible] for an explanation would be natural and proper, but that the indignation of the United States seems a little [illegible] of the causes have not been fully ascertained. Captain Schley [illegible] to no [illegible] information obtained from his men. There is a strong [illegible] the ordinary street row. Chili is naturally an [illegible] country, where the carrying of knives and weapons is [illegible]. Until the riot is actually known to have a political character, the United States government [illegible] a right to demand explanation and humble reparation for the families of the sailors, but not a right to prefer demands in a blustering and threatening manner for a civil, not a criminal wrong. Hence the rising indignation of President Harrison is quite unofficial for. Riots are not unknown under the beneficent sway of the United States government, and have sometimes been more destructive of life than the affair at Valparaiso.

A Reign of Terror.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26. A special dispatch from Rio Grande, Tex., says: A reign of terror exists all along the Mexican border of the Rio Grande river, and the inhabitants from other there are flocking into Texas in droves. So frightened are the Mexican authorities that a person even suspected of having intercourse with any of the Garcia band is arrested, hanged or shot, after which he is tried. The body of a nephew of Julian Flores, a suspected revolutionist, was found swinging to a tree with nine [illegible] bullet holes in it, Oct. 11, about seven miles below Rio Grande city, on the Mexican side. He had been arrested some days before and left for Victoria under a guard of soldiers. No one was bold enough to cut the body down for fear of meeting a similar fate. Felipe Salinas, another member of Garcia's band, was caught Oct. 8 and was tortured the same way. The soldiers excuse the [illegible] of these men by saying that they were killed under warrant of a statute called "La ley fuego." It is a law permitting the shooting of a prisoner who attempts to escape.

A South Carolina Earthquake.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 26.—At a few minutes before 1 o'clock this morning a shock of earthquake was distinctly felt in this city, shattering windows in a lively manner. It passed from east to west and was accompanied by the usual detonations.

A special to The State from Charleston says two sharp shocks were felt there shortly after midnight this morning. The shocks were but a few minutes apart, and those who were awakened by the first shock were robbed of much sleep by No. 2. There was a boom as of a gun, and a reverberating sound gradually away in the distance—this in [illegible]. It is said that Summerville felt the shocks much more severely than Charleston or Columbia.

Brazil at the World's Fair.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—The president of Brazil has asked from the congress of that republic an appropriation of $[illegible] to pay the expenses of its representation at the Chicago exposition. The original estimate was $[illegible], but the plan of the Brazilian commission as developed recently is more extensive an exhibit than the latter was required to carry them into effect. Recent advices from Brazil indicate that there will be very little opposition to the appropriation in congress, and in addition to this sum at least $[illegible] has been or will be appropriated by the legislatures of the several states for their independent exhibits. It seems probable that Brazil will expend more money in her representation at the exposition than any nation except the United States and more than any of the states of this country except Illinois.

The governor of the state of Amazonas, Brazil, has asked the legislature for an appropriation of $25,000 in addition to the amount appropriated by the general government to pay the expense of its exhibit at Chicago.

The colony of Dutch Guiana proposes to spend thirty times as much on its exhibit at Chicago in 1893 as it spent at the late Jamaica exposition, where the colony obtained a gold medal for its display.

A Vigorous Campaign.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The Cork contest is becoming exciting. On Sunday Canon O'Mahoney, while he was pelting mud at O'Connor, favored the intervals between mud by daring Redmond and his friends to venture to Black Rock. To-night they have gone to accept the challenge. To-morrow there will be a grand meeting in favor of Flavin, the McCarthyite candidate. Dillon and O'Brien will arrive about midday, and will be protected by a formidable escort of the Gaelic society, equipped with the necessary weapons. The Parnellites talk of all attack upon the procession, and an extra force of police has been ordered ready.

LATER—Redmond and John O'Connor, M. P., with bands and a crowd of partisans, went to Black Rock in answer to Canon O'Mahoney's challenge. They marched boldly into the parish. The anti-Parnellites were waiting for them with trailing coats and shillalahs. The meeting of the two parties was attended by great excitement. The anti-Parnellites showered sticks and stones and mud upon their opponents. The Parnellites, who were armed with stout black thorns, remained firm and steady under the volley of mud, and after the first attack, charged and routed their opponents. Then the victors held their meeting on the field, while their enemies skulked away with bruised and bloody heads. The meeting was very enthusiastic, and after it the Parnellites returned jubilant to Cork.

An Attractive Display.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—Instead of having a big industrial parade through the streets of Chicago in October, 1893, when the buildings of the World's Fair are dedicated, the national committee of commerce on Saturday decided to have a procession of sixty or more boats through the lagoons at Jackson park. These lagoons offer a continuous water length of 10,000 feet and at no point is the width too great to prevent a perfect view of the parade from either bank. Secretary Culp, of the executive committee, [illegible] that over 100,000 people can view the parade every evening during the week. The parade which is to be a [illegible] affair will consist of four divisions and will give a [illegible] of the history of navigation from Indian to the present time.

All of the boats will fairly blaze with electric lights and the [illegible] of lagoon [illegible] will give the illusion of floating on a lake of fire. The committee also decided that a big military parade [illegible] will take place in the Auditorium [illegible]. Of the men will be from the United States army and 10,000 from the [illegible] of different [illegible]. The speech making will take place in the Manufactures building, which holds 50,000 people and can be [illegible].

[illegible]

PARIS, Oct. 26. A fashionable society wedding is expected to arrive occasion at Malmaison on the national [illegible] Diana and Orion, side, in the [illegible] of Count De [illegible]. Details have not yet been received but it is known that a duel was fought up and down [illegible] killed and twenty-five badly injured. The cause of the fighting is reported that the [illegible] communicant. Mass is over [illegible].

Details have [illegible] of the terrible [illegible] at Mirecourt. At a large factory [illegible] Molrons the [illegible] of the illfated train, between Paris and Nancy and the Southern [illegible] the factory was filled with [illegible] girls and [illegible] when the [illegible] frightful [illegible] occurred. Not less than 15 were killed in the collision and of the fifty injured it is believed that fifteen will [illegible]. It is reported that a [illegible] failed to work on a curve and caused the disaster.

A Fire in Newport.

NEWPORT, Ky., Oct. 26. A boiler in the Louisville electric light works exploded this morning, fatally injuring William Allen, fireman, and wrecking the building. Five of the boilers were buried across the alley into the rear of Kaufman & Stern's dry goods store, firing the building. Three clerks, two of them young women, were slightly injured by flying debris. The store, a four story building, was gutted and the second floors of the building were burned. An adjoining store was slightly damaged. The total loss is estimated at $[illegible], fully covered by insurance.

[illegible]

OTERO, Colo., Oct. 24.—The sale of the Pacificator and American Girl group of mines here in the Red mountain district was consummated today. The property was sold to James Hopkins of St. Louis, president of the American Mining company. The consideration was $[illegible].

Rio Grande Receipts.

DENVER, Oct. 26.—The estimated earnings of the Denver and Rio Grande railway for the third week of October are $187,[illegible], an increase over the same period of last year of $[illegible]. The total earnings for the year are $7,[illegible], a [illegible] from last year of $[illegible].

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

Floods in Catalonia, Spain, continue. The river Ebro has overflowed its banks and is submerging the railroads and highways along its course.

Prairie fires have been raging southwest of Guthrie, O. T., and many thousand dollars worth of hay, grain and farming implements, etc., have been burned.

Pine Grove, Ky., a village on the Newport News and Mississippi Valley road, nine miles east of Lexington, was swept by fire. Only one building is left. The fire originated in a brick warehouse and elevator, where some farmers were boiling bump in the tobacco.

A courier from the Blood Indian reservation, the scene of the recent disturbance, reports everything quiet. Evidently the news sent out from the Assiniboine was exaggerated. One Indian killed and one policeman wounded is the results of Thursday's shooting.

The announcement is made that Thomas H. Kelley, the cashier of Richardson, Williams & Co., wholesale dry goods house of New Orleans, has embezzled $[illegible].

Chief Justice Fuller has returned to Washington from Chicago, where he was in attendance on his daughter, Mrs. Archibald Brown, who was critically ill with typhoid fever.

W. H. Freeman, under indictment at Peoria, Ills., on twenty-nine charges of forgery, for defrauding over $[illegible], pleaded guilty in the criminal court and was sentenced to seven years in Joliet penitentiary. Twenty-eight indictments are still pending against him.

[illegible] billiard match between Jacob [illegible] and George F. Di[illegible] for $1,000 a side, which should be played in Chicago [illegible] finally in the billiard room [illegible] a score of 600 points to one of his opponent's 421.

DEDICATED TO GOD.

Consecration of the New and Handsome First Baptist Church.

DR. MAC ARTHUR'S SERMON.

Large Audience Assembled—The Church A Large Sum of Money Subscribed for—Dr. Mac Arthur's Lecture on the Huguenots.

On Sunday the new church of the First Baptist congregation of this city was formally dedicated to the worship of God. It was the greatest day in the history of the congregation in this city and will remain memorable in the history of religious work in Colorado. Rev. Dr. R. S. MacArthur of New York city, who stands among the first of the ministers of his denomination, preached the dedication sermon.

When a few years ago Rev. Richard Montague became pastor of the First Baptist church of this city the congregation was small and worshipped in a little red painted brick building on the present site of the new edifice. To-day the devoted little congregation has grown to one of the largest in the city, worships in one of the handsomest church edifices in the west and is extending its good influence in every direction. The new church was completed last spring and is built of red pressed brick with sandstone trimmings. The cut presented this morning gives an excellent idea of the building. The interior is handsomely decorated and furnished, corresponding in every way with the exterior.

The church was completed last spring but the formal dedication was postponed until the present time. After the programme for the dedication services was announced it was generally understood that the event would be a notable one, but even the most sanguine did not anticipate the splendid success in every way of Sunday's meetings. At 11 o'clock, the hour for the first service, the large building was completely filled with people, both rooms being thrown open, and there were at least 800 people in the house. The church had been handsomely decorated for the occasion, a bank of flowers filling the front of the alcove and about the baptistery. It was a festival morning.

Rev. Roland Montague, pastor of the church, and Rev. F. W. Kerr, his assistant, conducted the services. Upon the platform with them were Rev. Dr. Warfield, of New York, Rev. Robert Cameron of Denver, Rev. J. W. Waddell of Chicago, pastor of Highland Park church, and other well-known ministers. Dr. Warfield read the 84th psalm, one of the Lodgers of Tabernacles, Rev. D. F. Morris of Denver, also a member of the committee of the church, read the scripture lesson.

The music for the day was fully equal to the occasion. The anthem, "Lift up your heads, O ye gates," was rendered by a choir of 40 voices, Mrs. Richard Montague presiding at the piano, and Dr. Montague at the organ. After the prelude, Rev. Mr. Robertson led in the Lord's Prayer, which was followed by the doxology, singing the chorus "Praise God from whom all blessings flow," and then with solo by Mrs. Wolfe. A hymn was sung by pastor and congregation, followed by the Gloria and Credo. Mr. Hoyt read the scripture lesson and Rev. Mr. Waddell offered the opening prayer. The hymn, "I love thy kingdom, Lord," was sung by the congregation. Professor Rawley, organist, and W. G. Hale, violinist, leading with their instruments.

Mr. Montague introduced Dr. MacArthur in a few [illegible] words. He thought it [illegible] compliment to this city that [illegible] should come 300 miles for the purpose of helping to dedicate a church. Dr. MacArthur then spoke to the text and took his discourse. He is a large and powerfully built man, the ideal physique of a preacher. He speaks in a full, rich voice, with perfect elocution. His gestures are graceful and his manners forceful and convincing. Dr. MacArthur has his text Nehemiah 2, 20: "We will arise therefore the house of the Lord, our God."

This said Dr. MacArthur, was spoken by a merry man, that primarily refers to Nehemiah. Nehemiah was moved at the sight of the work of Jerusalem, and after his artificial cup had found things much worse than he anticipated. He left the palace of the king to go among the people of God and it was after the completion of his work that he [illegible] these words. He came to set up again the walls of Zion and in the face of manifold obstacles to establish the disorganized altars of the Lord. As proof of his prowess [illegible] and as an [illegible] of his fulfillment, he speaks this text the word: "We will set forward the house of the Lord, our God." It is a worthy resolution for such days as these. There are several reasons why we should make such a consecration as this with outward. We should take this sentiment home. Religion is the foe to all evil. It is a rock against which [illegible] fall harmless. We must not forget that God is the maker of every good thing. A mission church is better than all best police regulations. Men who oppose religious teaching know not what they are about. They saw off the limb on which they are sitting. Let the people who reside in the valley of these mountains make and help MacArthur's [illegible] author.

There are philanthropic reasons for such a dedication. This government was founded on Jesus, but its foundations were Plymouth Rock. Our church and civil institutions are planted on the word of God and only by a student [illegible] of the proclamation of the word, is the [illegible] of our nation [illegible].

There are social [illegible] for such a dedication, and the mother [illegible] of homes and family life. The family institution is that the word of God and the [illegible] of God. What is the word [illegible] of God? [illegible] God's hand, [illegible] Christian mother [illegible] Christian home. Home is [illegible] place where God is found [illegible] the [illegible] place where God is found. His name is devoutly spoken. It is a great thing to go from a Christian home into Christian society. I have no sympathy with the snobbery which is unnecessarily seeking recognition. A man who deserves recognition will get it. There is, however, a right sort of recognition which every man ought to desire, it is into the best society, and that is Christian society.

Third—We ought to keep this resolution because of the intellectual advantages incident upon religious worship. I have heard persons speak sneeringly of the intellectual characteristics of the word of God. And I hear persons speak boastingly of their ignorance of the Bible. But we should soon discover their intellectual poverty even though they did not take such wonderful pains to make the announcement. No man may claim the honors of the highest culture if he be ignorant of the word of God. It enters largely into the study of history, into the illustration of poetry, into the revelations of philosophy, into legal jurisprudence and medical science and no one can keep familiar with these if he be ignorant of the Word. Poetry, painting, sculpture have gone to this book for theme and inspiration. Take away the books that have been prompted by the Scripture, and the libraries of the world would be poor indeed. Take away the characters of the books, the characters suggested from the pages of Holy Writ, and our literature would be unspeakably impoverished. The heart of the world's best thinkers is here in the book of books. O men and women, prize the word of God. Love it with a love that you cannot express. Let its sweet stories sink deeply into your heart, and tell them to your children.

Fourth—Moral and religious grounds there are for such a declaration, and these are the main considerations. The man that despises God's book and its commandments is on the road to moral decay. The family that makes no difference between Sunday and any other day is verging toward degeneracy. Here in God's house meet the holiest, wisest souls of earth. Here are the purest women, the truest men. Cherish this house as God's house. "Except the Lord build the house they labor in vain who build it." May this beautiful structure that honors this people and this place be sacred of God, and filled with His spirit, and may sermons, song and prayer ever have been sent of heaven itself.

Dr. MacArthur spoke for forty-eight minutes, and at the conclusion of the sermon Mr. Montague came forward to make a financial statement. He said the church had cost $10,000. Of this $15,000 is a bonded debt, but provision for the new debt has been made by subscriptions. He thought this meeting to relieve the church of at least a part of the existing debt. Subscriptions could be made payable in two years. Dr. MacArthur then stepped forward and spoke of the [illegible] building. He had visited many church dedications, at [illegible] by the [illegible] of this building, but he knew of none so handsome built at so little cost. He was greatly pleased and he found happiness in twenty years of [illegible] fellowship. He then began [illegible] Aglione in the sum of $1000. Mr. Montague announced that Mr. J. J. Frost [illegible] Dr. MacArthur offered another [illegible] to raise in New York. Sunday [illegible] and called for [illegible] freely the [illegible] and in the end [illegible].

Mrs. Kinsman Cameron offered the prayer of dedication, and solemn words of [illegible] followed. After a hymn and [illegible] the audience dispersed.

[illegible]

Dr. MacArthur preached again in the evening to a large congregation. His text was Proverbs 18th, 18th: "Speak unto the children of Israel that they go forward." It was an earnest exhortation to be [illegible] in the work of the Lord. Seated upon the platform with the ministers who had taken part in the morning were Rev. Mr. Cunningham of the M. E. church, South, Rev. Dr. Houston of the Presbyterian church and Rev. H. H. Bell of the United Presbyterian church.

Additional subscriptions were received in the evening to increase the total to $10,[illegible] for the day.

AN EVENING LECTURE.

A Valuable Historical Sketch Drawn by Dr. MacArthur.

Dr. Robert S. MacArthur delivered his lecture on "The Huguenots," in the First Baptist church last night before a crowded house.

The well-known lecturer was introduced to the hearers by Dr. Montague, who he followed in a short preface to his remarks by the high compliment of Rocky mountain scenery in general, and Colorado Springs in particular. His visit here had been one of the most enjoyable of his life.

The story of the Huguenots was given from its earliest days down to its ending in the present time, one of the grandest and sublimest of stories and written in crimson with the blood of France."

The time before the storm cloud finally broke in the civil war were very graphically set forth. The torturing of the Huguenot leaders, when their quivering, half-burned bodies were lifted from the fire for the public to look upon, only strengthened the Huguenot cause. The sects they were persecuted the more they increased. The attempt of the Romanists to stop the growth of Protestantism was exerted in a useless way, and thus as always "the martyrs were the seed of the church."

The next point in the Huguenot history came with the civil war. The country, France, was divided into three parties. The Huguenots, forming one of the three, were drawn into the war by the power of circumstances. The Romanist party came in as the second in the trio, and the middle party formed a third. It was an executive government and leading light of this party was who accustomed in his hours of power to render the head of an enemy taken off with every few heads he counted on his [illegible], and as the [illegible] went round the bloody work off. Then rising from the [illegible] he [illegible] to thank God that [illegible] were [illegible]. And in the [illegible] of the Romanists was the Duke Guise, an able [illegible] but a new lieutenant came, who hurled [illegible] told the Bible [illegible] rock, the central cap, one day and [illegible] to [illegible] day if the book was old [illegible] be so [illegible] in [illegible] And Catharine de Medici of the middle party, "The ablest hated woman that ever trod the soil of France." In striking contrast the speaker brought forth the Huguenot queen of Navarre, the mother of Henry IV., "The noblest man in the period of French history," and also the noble character of Gaspard de Coligni, who was marked for destruction in St. Bartholomew's massacre.

The lecturer gave a slight outline of the history of the planning of the day of the massacre, and the plan to destroy all the Protestant world and make Romanism triumphant. Those plans never matured but Catharine de Medici took up the matter and carried it through. Following came the siege of Rochelle, and then the 24th of August, 1572. The detailed description of the night of the day of the massacre was most vivid. Near midnight the plans were all matured. In a small room at Catharine de Medici, Charles IX, and Henry III of Anjou. The signal for the bells to ring was to be the firing of an arquebus. In the streets the people were singing and horsemen were riding gaily through the streets. The Protestants were unsuspecting, and as also the white haired Coligni who lay in his room nursing a wound. At midnight the bells sounded, and 60,000 Romanists leaped into the streets to commence the massacre. Coligni was thrust through with a spear and Catharine, "that incarnate fiend" secures his head and has it embalmed. Even to this day, said the speaker in reviewing the massacre, the Romanists have never repudiated the work of that night.

Elizabeth of England, he said, spurned the ambassador from the country where such a crime had been committed, and should receive great honor therefrom.

Later in Huguenot history came the signing of the Edict of Nantes, and prosperity for all France. When years passed and the edict was revoked—2,000,000 of the finest young men and women of France scattered to other countries. These they enriched and were an honor to while their departure impoverished France.

Turning his attention from France at that unfortunate period in its history when the Roman church had revoked the edict, he brought up the Irish question. The trouble with Ireland was not, he said, with England but with Rome. "Home rule means Rome rule," and the result of home rule is war. If all Ireland's men were like those of Ulster, said the speaker, Ireland would be the finest and most prosperous country in the globe. France is now rousing from her lethargy and will America is going by her north and not by Rome.

In reviewing the history covered by his lecture, the speaker [illegible] his close was some [illegible]. He portrayed Coligni IX, 20 years old, "but 100 years old in vision, dying in [illegible] and despair," in horror at Massacre. Then [illegible] the minister of 1840 in Paris when [illegible] the brave young Coligni [illegible] "Home not refugees, come to home." France and its [illegible] glory in the [illegible].

The speaker's final words were directed against the methods of the Roman church and were as follows: "[illegible] the Romanist like to control politics [illegible] of a church I approve it. [illegible] church is striking to get political power in this land. The [illegible] is aiming to get the [illegible] of the moral power, but Italy will show up the [illegible] to France, there is hope for Italy. There is hope for the world."

Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Mr. J. W. Bry of New Orleans, secretary of the commission on the improvement of the Mississippi river, accompanied by Congressman of Mississippi, called on President Harrison today and presented a copy of the resolution adopted by the commission at Evansville, Ind., on October 14, in reference to government aid for the improvement of the Mississippi valley. The president received the gentlemen very courteously and stated that he was very familiar with the subject and would give the matter careful consideration. He did not make any expressions of his views on the subject, but the gentlemen left [illegible] and received assurances of the president's early support of the movement.

Civil Service Rules.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Admiral Ghiradi came over from New York this morning and [illegible] at the navy department. He is visiting the completion of the repairs to his ship before sailing from New York for the West Indies. The admiral speaks in terms of commendation of the operation of the new system of employing labor in the navy yards, based upon competitive examination. He says that the repair work now [illegible] with unexampled rapidity and [illegible]. The foremen have "backbone" and get the work out of their men. Removals are made for cause only, and no man has been reinstated after discharge. The admiral expects to sail southward in the Philadelphia about November 9, and he will probably be succeeded by the Kearsarge.

Cutting Down the Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—Beginning Nov. 1, the Burlington's through train, No. 51, leaving here at 6:10 p. m. for Denver, will arrive at Denver at 6:45 on the morning of the second day, thirty minutes earlier than at present. It will connect with the Denver and Rio Grande and the Central Pacific trains, reaching San Francisco at 6 p. m. of the second day following, and Los Angeles on the morning of the next day, thus practically making twelve hours better time than at present.

Denver Bankers.

DENVER, Oct. 26. The indicted county officials were arraigned in the criminal division of the district court to-day, and at the request of the district attorney for the defense the case was continued to [illegible]. It is rumored that there will be several more indictments returned against prominent citizens before the grand jury in the investigation of these cases.

Walt Whitman's Funeral.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26. Walt Whitman, the poet, died last night at his residence in this city. He had lived for a more or less time, and his body, in fact, [illegible] was and [illegible]. The American [illegible] may live for a long time, but is likely to be [illegible] away at any time, as the [illegible] which he suffers is slowly [illegible] his heart.

A MERCHANT MARINE

Opening of Bids Under the Subsidy Act.

VESSELS FOR MAIL SERVICE.

Fast Ships Available as Cruisers in Time of Need—Training-Schools for American Seamen—Mail Routes to Foreign Ports.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Bids were opened by the postmaster general today under the act of March 3, 1891, providing for the proposed ocean mail service between ports of the United States and foreign ports. The postmaster-general, under the law, is authorized to enter into contracts for a term not less than five years and not more than ten with American citizens for carrying the mails on steamships. The vessels under the law must be American built steamships owned and officered by American citizens, and upon each departure from the United States the following proportion of the crew shall be American citizens: During the first two years, one-fourth; during the next three succeeding, one-third, and the remaining time of the contract at least one-half. It is provided that the vessels shall be constructed after the latest and most approved types, with all the modern improvements.

The bids were divided into four classes. The first two classes shall be of iron or steel screw steamships, capable of maintaining a speed of twenty and eighteen knots an hour in ordinary weather. The third class shall be of iron or steel, capable of fourteen knots an hour. The fourth class vessels may be constructed of iron, steel or wood, capable of making twelve knots an hour.

The vessels of the first three are to be constructed with particular reference to prompt and economical conversion into auxiliary naval cruisers.

Thirteen bids were received on the different [illegible].

From Newport News to Rio, Brazil, by St. Thomas, Martinique, Bahia, Para, Pernambuco and Bahia. The United States and Brazil S. S. company, form Jan. 1, 1892, $1 [illegible] mile on third class and $1.66 on fourth class.

From Boston to Liverpool, by Queenstown. Columbia Safety Steamship company from October 1, 1891, for ten years, $4 per mile.

From San Francisco to Phoenix touching twenty ports, including at San Diego, California, Mazatlan, San Blas, Magdalena, Acapulco, Port Angel, Salina Cruz, Tonala, San Benito, Ocos, Port Juarez, Acajutla, La Libertad, Amapala, Corinto, San Juan del Sur and Punta Arenas. Pacific Mail Steamship company, from November 1, 1891, for ten years, in addition of the third class $1 per mile.

From San Francisco to Honolulu, by Pacific Mail Steamship company from November 1, 1891, for ten years, in addition of the second class $1 per mile, and $1 per mile in addition of the second class.

From New Orleans to Colombia, touching at Greytown and Port Limon, Navy Department, Chas. Conrad, Secretary of the Navy, Mails in Columbia, Pacific Mail Steamship company, from November 1, 1891, for ten years of the third class, $[illegible] per mile.

From [illegible] to Tampico, touching at Campeche, Sabinillo, Coatzacoalcos and Coatzacoalcos, John R. Clarke, of Ohio, from April 20, 1891, for ten years of the fourth class, [illegible] per mile.

From New York to Rio Janeiro, Argentine Republic, touching at Montevideo, Uruguay, William H. P. Hughes, of New York, from Dec. 1, 1891, for ten years, [illegible] of the second class, two dollars per mile.

From New York to Santiago De Cuba via Kingston, New York-Cuba Mail Steamship company, from February 14, 1892, for ten years, $8 cents per mile.

From New York to Havana, New York-Cuba Mail Steamship company, from February 1, 1892, for ten years, $1 per mile.

From New York to Tampico, Mexico, via Havana, Progreso and Tampico, touching at Havana and Havana. New York-Cuba Mail Steamship company, from February 14, 1892, for ten years, $1 per mile.

From New York to Savannah by Cuba and Punta Cortes, Ricardo Del Valle, New York, from Jan. 14, 1892, for ten years, [illegible] per mile.

[illegible]

New York, Oct. 26.—Mr. Dyer, of Ohio, Rep., [illegible] Committee, [illegible] of the bill to [illegible] Kansas [illegible] Oklahoma [illegible] Territory [illegible] Senate [illegible] Kansas [illegible] Oklahoma [illegible] Senate [illegible] Kansas [illegible] Oklahoma [illegible] Senate [illegible] Kansas [illegible] Oklahoma

THE GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

DAILY—IN ADVANCE.

One year ..... $10 00 | Six months $5 00
Three months ..... 2 50 | One month 1 00

WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE.

One year ..... $2 50 | Six months 75
Three months 50

ADVERTISING

Rates made known on application to the Editor.

JOB WORK.

Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river.

All persons having advertisements in the paper and desiring them discontinued will please so advise us in writing at the business office, where they will be properly attended to. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper unless notice to the contrary is given.

No claims are allowed as first month's rent for the Gazette in offset any of our accounts.

All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon. Additions or changes are respectfully received but we do not want any advertising from them.

B. W. STEELE,
Manager of the GAZETTE.

THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

X

For Chief Justice of the Supreme Court,
JOSEPH C. HELM.

For District Attorney,
JOHN COCHRAN.

For County Clerk,
F. W. HOWBERT.

For County Treasurer,
H. C. McCRORY.

For County Commissioner,
J. C. WOODBURY.

For County Assessor,
M. R. IRVINE.

For Sheriff,
M. F. BOWERS.

For Superintendent of Schools,
J. P. JACKSON.

For Surveyor,
DELOS DURFEE.

For Coroner,
W. D. MARLOW.

For Justice of the Peace,
CHARLES WALKER.

For Constable,
JOHN W. CHAPMAN.

HOW TO VOTE.

The best way is the simplest. The Republican list of nominees is first on the ballot. An X placed opposite the eagle means a straight vote for a straight ticket. Every candidate on the list is worthy of support, every candidate will be elected. There is no reason why any one should trade votes, nor why the loyal support of every Republican should not be given to everyone on the list. Vote the straight ticket!

A welcome evidence of prosperity for every people of this state is the increase of business of the Denver and Rio Grande railway for the past week, which shows an increase over a similar period last year for the first time in many weeks.

The Denver Times has taken great interest in Denver's connection with the world's fair. It has republished in neat form its editorials to be distributed throughout the state. We know of no subject more important to the state commercially than this, and The Times has discussed this question in a clear, intelligent and acceptable manner.

The Baptist church in this city has good reason to be proud of its handsome new church building, which, though it has been occupied for some time, was not dedicated until yesterday. It also has reason to feel proud of its pastor, to whom the construction of the new building has been so largely due. And in the affection over a good preacher in a good building, the public, which shares in the benefit, may well share the jubilation.

The petition which is to be circulated by favoring the letting of the contract for the new high school building to local contractors if their bids are within a few dollars, is in accordance with a policy which should prevail in all public work. The only thing that can be urged against the petition is that it states a public sentiment which is so universal and so well known as scarcely to require statement in this way. We are quite sure that the members of the school board share in the general opinion on this subject, and that the contract will not go out of the city except by the fault of the local contractors in refusing or neglecting to make reasonable proposals for doing the work.

A correspondent suggests the following [illegible] Viceroy of India, who was born May 21, 1819, the son of Edward, duke of Kent, fourth son of King George III., and Princess Victoria of Saxe Saalfeld Coburg, widow of Prince Emich of Leiningen. She ascended the throne at the death of her uncle King William IV., June 20, 1837; crowned at Westminster abbey, June 28, 1838. She was married February 10, 1840, to Prince Albert of Saxe Coburg Gotha, who died December 14, 1861. Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, was born November 9, 1841; married March 10, 1863, to Princess Alexandra, eldest daughter of King Christian IX. of Denmark. He has five children, two boys and three girls, the eldest of whom is Albert Victor, born January 8, 1864.

A newspaper is always desirous of basing the facts presented in its columns as accurate as possible. No one who has not been connected with this work knows how much care and often extra expense is used in verifying the statements which appear in the columns and which must often be prepared—and printed in a great hurry. Yet one would think from the comments often made by readers that not only was the average newspaper careless, but that it was positively malicious and that the mistakes which occur result from a desire on the part of the editor to injure or vex the person who may feel himself to be aggrieved. It is the business of a newspaper to publish the news and to do so accurately. No paper is always free from mistakes, and no one is so much interested in their correction as the editor of the paper in which the mistakes appear. Yet we constantly see communications addressed to the editor of one paper complaining of errors alleged to have been committed in the columns of another. If the complainant had been content to let the editor of the paper in which the error appeared, and he had refused to print it, it would then be quite right and proper for those who felt that he had been misrepresented to the public, to make his explanation or contradiction elsewhere. But in most cases nothing of the kind is attempted. Taking it for granted that the wrong, real or supposed, is an intentional one, he hurries his reply to another paper. Now such a course is not only grossly discourteous to the editor who may have been entirely honest, and who, as we have explained, is most interested in the correction of errors, but it is a poor way of attaining the end in view. For if, for instance, the misstatement appears in the columns of THE GAZETTE, it is the readers of that paper to whom the correction should be particularly addressed. In view of some recent incidents, we request our readers, if they feel themselves wronged by any statement made by any of our contemporaries, to address themselves primarily to the management of that paper in which the statement appeared, and if on the other hand, the objectionable article appeared in THE GAZETTE, they should communicate with us before sending a lonesome wail to some other paper which has nothing to do with the case.

Mr. Wm. K. Burchinell, the Republican candidate for sheriff in Arapahoe county, was a member of the famous Fifteenth Pennsylvania cavalry. If the members of that regiment now living, or having lived, in Colorado, should cast their votes and influence for him, that would of itself be almost sufficient to insure his election. The first organization of the Fifteenth was as a battalion, known as Anderson's cavalry, and after a year's service it was enlarged to a regiment and thereafter served continuously as a part of the Army of the Cumberland. After the close of the war this regiment furnished a surprisingly large number of prominent men to the territory of Colorado. In El Paso county especially there are many of Mr. Burchinell's old comrades who have occupied positions of responsibility and influence. Among those who are or have been residents of this state are: General W. J. Palmer of Glen Eyrie, the projector, father and for many years the president of the Denver and Rio Grande railroad; Captain M. L. DeCourcy, one of the best known of the prominent business men of this city; Mr. W. W. Borst, who for a number of years was superintendent of the Denver and Rio Grande, and who has held many other important offices with that corporation; Major A. B. Gardner, formerly purchasing agent for the Denver and Rio Grande; Mr. Samuel Abbey, the present postmaster of Pueblo; Mr. Robert F. Sloane, formerly a resident of Pueblo and more lately of Denver; Mr. Samuel C. Stout, the present manager of the Colorado Pinery Trust on the Divide; Mr. L. E. Brentlinger, who was formerly occupied in a store at Parkspur; Mr. Nathaniel M. Semple, master mechanic of the Denver and Rio Grande railroad, and one of the most popular men who ever held a similar position; Mr. James M. Rea, who was at one time a resident of Pueblo, and who is now, we believe, a wealthy citizen of that place; Major Henry McAllister, who was prominently engaged in the founding of Colorado Springs, and still resides in this city; Col. C. W. B. Lawborn, formerly a resident of this city, and a prominent member and officer of the Colorado Coal and Iron Co., and now land commissioner of the Northern Pacific railroad; Mr. Wm. S. Moore, a resident of this city in early days; Mr. S. W. Dysart and Mr. John F. McFarland. It is certainly a remarkable compliment that three so many members of one regiment of Pennsylvania cavalry out into a far western state, and they have done a great deal more than their share in building up this section. Mr. Burchinell, at the time of his army experience, was only a boy, but with a strength and courage beyond his years. He was widely known among the members of the regiment and popular with his acquaintances. On the fall morning when the telegraph flashes the news of his election over the state, there will be a surprisingly large number of the old boys of the Fifteenth to be interested in his success.

An Appreciative Notice.

Denver News.

A recent issue of the Colorado Springs Gazette contained a very suggestive lithograph picture. It comprised illustrations of the eight leading churches in that city and revealed more of taste, character and culture of Colorado Springs people, at a single glance, than columns of written matter could do. It is only twenty years since Colorado Springs sprang into existence, but here are a number of church edifices attractive in their architecture, elegant in their design and costly in their construction, which are not surpassed and in many cases not equalled in each of five first cities of the state in size and size. The lithograph is a whole immigration document in itself and more expressive of what our famous resort really is than a printed volume could make it.

Colorado Springs' Excellence.

The Solid Muldoon.

Colorado Springs excels in church architecture, drug store whisky and refined vices.

WESTERN BREVITIES.

The annual session of the Delta County Teachers' institute and association, combined, convened in the Delta High school rooms Thursday, October 22, and held a three days' session, which was well attended and proved to be most interesting and instructive to all. The institute adjourned to meet in March at Hotchkiss, Colo.

The football game between the State School of Mines and Boulder university was played at Boulder Saturday. After a hard fought battle, in which Pike and Schneider of the Golden team distinguished themselves, the School of Mines won by a score of 10 to 6.

Mr. A. R. Pelton, a well known Salida newspaper man, is preparing a history of the San Luis valley, which will include a sketch of its resources, development and progress. The work will be highly illustrated. Mr. Pelton has been engaged in obtaining material for the work for several months, and has personally visited every portion of the valley. He is very enthusiastic over its future, and his forthcoming work promises to be one of genuine interest and value.

A Wise Precaution.

One of the lower windows of a house on Atlantic avenue, Brooklyn, occupied by a colored family, has an old fish net tacked across it, and a pedestrian halted to look at it, when a woman came to the door and asked:—

"What yo' all lookin at now?"

"I was looking at that window, madam," he replied.

"What's de matter wid dat window?"

"You don't imagine that you can keep the mosquitoes out with that fish net, do you?"

"No, sah. Do skeeters dean dat fish net, sah? Dey kin git in dere what nobody's chickens flyin in yere to git up a quarrel."—New York Evening World.

SOME NOTABLE CAREERS

LONG LIVES OF THE JUDGES OF THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

No Member of the Court Was Ever Been President—John Quincy Adams—Henry Clay—James G. Blaine—Webster, Calhoun, Dalton and Many Others.

(Special Correspondence.)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Sitting one day last week in the supreme court chamber, where Justice Field was presiding over the session of the court in the absence of the chief justice, I thought of the long career Mr. Field has had on this high bench and wondered if any of his predecessors had served as long as he has. Justice Field was appointed by President Lincoln in March, 1863, and has therefore been nearly twenty-nine years on the supreme bench, which is more than the average lifetime of mature activity. Though Justice Field will be seventy-five years old in a few weeks, he shows no signs of failing powers or of a desire to avail himself of his privilege of retiring on full pay.

I am told it is his ambition to serve longer than any man ever did on the supreme bench. If this be true he will have to continue at his post nearly six years longer. John Marshall's career on the supreme bench has never been equaled. He was chief justice from 1801 to 1835, sitting for 34 years and 5 months. Justice Story sat 34 years, Justices McLean and Wayne 32 years each, Bushrod Washington 31 years, Justice Johnson 30 years, Chief Justice Taney and Justices Miller and Catron each 28 years and Justices Nelson and Woodbury each 27 years.

There seems to be something in the atmosphere of this great tribunal which promotes long life and service. Up to date seven chief justices have spanned the 102 years of the court's existence, an average of nearly fifteen years, while 46 associate justices have sat an aggregate of about 900 years. Even the employees of the court catch the spirit of persistence which prevails there. Between 1800 and 1863 the court had but two clerks, and one of the present employees has been at his post for 33 years.

John Marshall is the only man who ever held the offices of chief justice of the supreme court and secretary of state at the same time. This singular fact in our national history is well authenticated. In January, 1801, he was secretary of state under President John Adams. The 20th of that month he was nominated to the senate for chief justice, confirmed on the 27th, commissioned on the 31st and presided on the bench from the 4th to the 9th of February. He continued to act as secretary of state until March 3, when the Adams administration came to an end.

It is an odd fact that no chief justice or associate justice of the supreme court has ever been president. A still more remarkable fact is that no cabinet officer other than secretary of state, ever became president. It is true that General Grant was for a few months acting secretary of war, but he was never commissioned as such; and it is also true that at the beginning of Madison's second administration Mr. James Monroe is said to have been secretary of war. But there is no record of his commission in the department of state, and as he was secretary of state at the time, his biographer is probably correct when he says for a short time Mr. Monroe also served as the duties of secretary of war." Six secretaries of state have become president—Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, John Quincy Adams, Van Buren, Buchanan. By what strange dispensation of fate have all the other cabinet officers, some two hundred in number, failed of the presidency.

Probably the greatest official career this nation has ever witnessed was that of John Quincy Adams. It is interesting in this connection to recall the well known facts. His public career began in 1794, when he was sent as minister to the Netherlands. Afterward he was minister to Prussia, member of the senate, United States senator, twice minister to Russia, declined a seat on the supreme bench, member of the commission which negotiated the treaty of Ghent, secretary of state, president of the United States and for more than sixteen years a member of the house of representatives, dying in the Capitol. During this unique career of fifty-four years he was fifteen years in the diplomatic service, five years a senator, eight years secretary of state, four years president and sixteen years a representative.

The second great career was that of Henry Clay. His public life began in 1803 and ended in 1852. During those forty-nine years he was member of the Kentucky legislature, was five times elected senator, six times representative and six times speaker of the house, was member of commission to negotiate treaty of peace with Great Britain, was secretary of state, and was twice the unsuccessful candidate of his party for the presidency. He twice resigned from the senate and twice from the house, declined the mission to Russia and a place in the cabinet offered him by President Monroe, and the mission to Russia and a place in the cabinet offered him by President Monroe. He was senator at twenty-nine, speaker of the house at thirty-four and candidate for the presidency at forty-two.

The career of James G. Blaine has often been compared to that of Clay, but it has not been either so long or so varied. Mr. Blaine's public life began in 1859, when he was elected to the state legislature, continuing there four years, two years as speaker. He was four times elected to the house, three times speaker thereof, was once appointed and once elected senator, and has been twice secretary of state. He was three times a candidate for the presidential nomination of his party, and once a candidate before the people.

Many other great careers challenge our attention. Daniel Webster was a public man forty years. He was twice elected congressman from New Hampshire and three times from Boston. He was four times elected to the senate, serving in that body nineteen years. He was secretary of state under Harrison in 1841 and was continued under Tyler. He was afterward secretary of state under Fillmore. Webster and Blaine are the only men who served twice as secretary of state under administrations which were not successive.

Mention of Clay and Webster at once brings Calhoun to mind. Calhoun was in public life forty-two years. He began in the legislature of his state, as nearly all our great publicists begin. He then served five years in the house, was secretary of war nearly eight years, and sat in the senate fifteen years and was secretary of state under Tyler one year.

Thomas H. Benton's remarkable career of thirty years in the senate still stands as the longest record of continuous service in that body. Benton was defeated for re-election, but came to the next congress as a member of the house, and was defeated for re-election to his seat there, and was also beaten for governor of Missouri a unique ending of a unique career.

The longest congressional career in our history was that of General Samuel Smith, of Baltimore. He was a representative from 1803 to 1805, and again from 1816 to 1822, and a senator from 1803 to 1815, and from 1822 to 1826, forty years of continuous service in congress. Behind this remarkable career as a legislator he was one of the heroes of Baltimore and in the Revolutionary war rose from the rank of captain to that of brigadier general.

Next in point of long service was Nathaniel Macon, who was twenty-four years in the house, where he served four years as speaker and thirteen years in the senate, where he was for some time the presiding officer.

Twenty years ago there was in the house from Minnesota a man with a remarkable family record to boast of. His name was Eugene M. Wilson, and his father, Edgar Wilson, of Virginia; his grandfather, Thomas Wilson, and his great-grandfather, Leven Griffin, were all representatives in congress.

James Monroe's public career extended over a period of forty-five years, in which he was member of the Virginia assembly, senator of the United States, minister to France, governor of Virginia, special commissioner to purchase Louisiana of France, minister to England, again governor of Virginia, six years secretary of state and eight years president.

A noteworthy career was Alexander Hamilton's. Brilliant in the martial field while barely out of his teens, at twenty-five in the Continental congress, at thirty a power in the convention which formed the constitution, secretary of the treasury and the father of a financial system at thirty-two, falling in a duel at forty-seven.

Robert C. Winthrop at forty-two had been five years in the Massachusetts legislature, ten years in the national house, where he was elected speaker, and one year in the senate. Then his promising public career came to an end, though he lived more than forty years longer.

John S. Crittenden fought in the battle of the Raisines in 1812, and from that date to his death, in 1863, was almost constantly in public life. After serving a number of years in the state legislature he represented Kentucky in the senate from 1817 to 1819, again from 1835 to 1848 and finally from 1855 to 1861. Meanwhile he was once governor of Kentucky and twice attorney general of the United States. Between his first appearance in the senate and his final exit therefrom forty-four years passed, and then he rounded out his career "from war to war" by serving two days in the house.

James Buchanan's great public career has been forgotten by many people. In the forty years between 1821 and 1861 he was ten years in the house, eleven years in the senate, minister to Russia, minister to France, secretary of state and president.

At twenty-five Lewis Cass was a member of the Ohio legislature. He distinguished himself in the war of 1812, was eighteen years governor of Michigan, five years secretary of war, four years minister to France, twelve years a senator and three years secretary of state.

No sketch of great careers would be complete without mention of the fifty years of public service rendered by Thomas Jefferson, member of legislature, delegate in congress, author of the Declaration of Independence, governor of Virginia, minister to France, and also serving in other diplomatic posts, secretary of state, vice president, president.

Among the statesmen of our day there are—funny with noteworthy exception—James G. Blaine I have already mentioned. John Sherman, now the Nestor of public life, was six years in the house, four years secretary of the treasury, and has been twenty seven years in the senate, or thirty seven years in all. Justin S. Morrill was twelve years in the house, and has been more than twenty-four years in the senate. George F. Edmunds was twenty-six years in the senate. William D. Kelley was twenty-nine years in the house and Samuel J. Randall twenty-eight. Judge Holman and Charles O'Neill are now entering upon their twenty-seventh year. Forty-three years ago Isham G. Harris, of Tennessee, was a representative in congress, and he dates farther back than any other man now a member of the national legislature.

"Old Charley" O'Neill, of Philadelphia, is now the "Father of the House," though he and Judge Holman have served the same time. The honor goes to O'Neill, however, because his service has been more continuous than Holman's. Both O'Neill and Holman are remarkably young looking and active men, and the latter is likely to be chairman of one of the most important committees, and certainly the most laborious committee of the house, the committee on appropriations.

WALTER WEYMAN.

How to Address Letters.

If you are addressing a business letter, send it to Mr. John Smith or to Messrs. John Smith & Co. If the letter be a social communication, address it to John Smith, Esq. The English rule is to address tradesmen as "mister" and gentlemen and professional men as "esquire." But this rule won't work for obvious reasons in America. Address a letter to "General Smith" or to "Dr. Smith," but never under any circumstances to "Mrs. General Smith" or "Mrs. Dr. Smith." If such an identification be essential to a correct delivery, use an extra line and address to "Mrs. Smith, in the care of General Smith." If the letter be to a widow and her identity be obscure without the title of her husband, then the obsolete form might be used of "Mrs. Mary Smith, widow of General John Smith." But such is not an imaginable case. There is no use of putting "for" or "to" before the name of a person addressed. In addressing a note to unmarried sisters the grammatical rule is to write, when the given names are not mentioned, "The Miss Smiths," and when the names are mentioned "The Misses Mary and Sarah Smith." But "The Misses Smith" has been adopted by general consent and will do. To a man to whom the title of honorable is due the article should be used and he should be addressed as "The Hon. John Smith." But no man in America except the lieutenant governor of Massachusetts is entitled by law to such a mark of distinction. We accord it, however, very liberally, and maybe we are right. "His Excellency" is only given by law to the governor of Massachusetts. The president of the United States should be addressed in so many words, and the beginning of a letter to him should be simply "Mr. President," or "To the President of the United States, Sir."

Breaking the Ice.

On the deck of a transatlantic steamer a diffident young gentleman tries to get into conversation with a fellow passenger, and after a good deal of hesitation he manages to say, in a genial tone of voice, "Are you going to America?"

"Yes, sir; and you?" Puck's Pension.

How to Remove Old Wall Paper.

Fasten the doors and shutters closely and set a large vessel of water in the room for a few minutes. It changes from it is well to add [illegible] two or three times. The paper will be softened and come off much easier and be cleaned nicely, while damp.

J. J. HAGERMAN, Pres't
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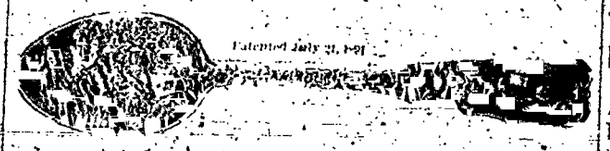

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NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Proposals for the erection and completion of a High School Building will be received by the secretary at his office, Rooms 25 and 26 Midland block, until 12 m. (noon) of the second day of November, 1891. Proposal will be received for the several branches of the work as set forth in the specifications, and for the whole work complete, excepting the plumbing. Plans and specifications will be on file on and after this date, at the office of the secretary of the board, and at the office of Lee & Hoal, architects of Jacobson block, Denver, Colo. Right reserved by the Board to reject any or all bids.

W. B. BARNES
Secretary Board of Education, School District No. 11, El Paso County, Colorado.
October 8, 1891.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Nevada Improvement Company for the election of directors and such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of The Colorado Springs Company, at Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the 2d day of November, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

CHAS. BABBIDGE,
Secretary.
Colorado Springs, October 21, 1891.

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY AGO

This article is sold in Pueblo county, Oregon, near what is now Salem City, a man who for a piece of land in Kansas identified with the interests and development of that country. This man John Stewart, one of the earliest and most influential citizens in the county. In a recent letter he says: "I had been suffering from pains in my back and kidneys for many years, at the same time, and had tried many remedies without any but temporary relief. The pains in my back had become so severe that I was prevented from attending to my work and could not get more about without the aid of a cane. Hearing, through a friend, of the wonderful cures effected by Oregon Kidney Tea, I was induced to try a box, and found that my first dose lessened my relief, and before using half the contents of the box the pains in my back entirely disappeared. I have every faith in the virtues of the Oregon Kidney Tea, and can conscientiously recommend it to my friends. I would not be without it for anything."

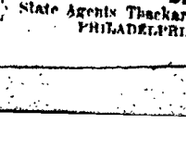
Oregon Kidney Tea cures backache, incontinence of urine, brick dust deposits, diabetes, and painful scanty or excessive urinating, and all affections of the kidneys or urinary organs of either sex.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the San Antonio Land Company for the election of directors and such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Colorado Springs Company, at Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the 2nd day of November, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

CHAS. BABBIDGE,
Secretary.
Colorado Springs, October 21, 1891.

OLD QUAKER CLUB

MONONGAHELA RYE
ABSOLUTELY PURE.
VAN PETTEN BROS.
Colorado Springs, Colorado.
Dealers in Drugs and Druggists' Sundries and sole agents for the
Quaker Club Monongahela Rye Whisky,
Guaranteed the purest whisky in the market, and recommended by all physicians for medicinal use.



SUESS BROS.
FIRST-CLASS
PLUMBING
A SPECIALTY.
ARTISTIC
GAS
AND
ELECTRIC
FIXTURES.
1515 LAWRENCE ST.,
DENVER, COLO.
State Agents Thackaray Mfg. Co., PHILADELPHIA PA.

L. F. Ilwinell & Co
INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE.
MONEY TO LOAN.
Notary Public.

Our patrons have listed with us a large variety of properties, both IMPROVED and UNIMPROVED, in various and choice locations, that we will cheerfully show to those who may favor us with a call. POSITIVELY, we have some great bargains in both large and small properties.

VALUABLE NEW YORK REAL ESTATE to exchange for real estate in this city, or for good ranch property near Colo. Springs.

INSURANCE written, with care, in the best companies, and at low rates.

HOTEL for Rent, Furnished or Unfurnished.

ROOM 11, (Second Floor) BANK BUILDING,
Colorado Springs, Colo.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R.
COLORADO SPRINGS, Oct. 19, 1891.

NORTH OR EAST.

No. 9 California, Colorado and New Mexico Express ..... 4.55 am
No. 4 Atlantic Coast Limited ..... 4.10 am
No. 8 Pueblo and Denver Accommodation ..... 8.17 am
No. 12 St. Louis and Kansas City Express ..... 10.12 am
No. 2 California and Eastern Express ..... 9.45 pm

SOUTH OR WEST.

No. 1—California Fast Mail ..... 11.55 am
No. 11—Kansas City and St. Louis Ex. ..... 4.20 pm
No. 7—Pueblo Passenger ..... 6.00 pm
No. 3 Pacific Coast Limited ..... 9.45 pm
No. 5 California, Colorado and New Mexico ..... 10.40 pm

THE MANITOU BRANCH.

To Manitou.—Leave at: 8.35 a. m., 10.45 a. m., 1.25 p. m., 3.35 p. m., 4.30 p. m., 6.55 p. m.

From Manitou.—Arrive at: 8.10 a. m., 10.20 a. m., 11.45 a. m., 3.15 p. m., 4.10 p. m., 6.40 p. m.

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities, at the Depot and No. 16 North Tejon street. Parties can select their road.

Baggage checked to destination. Pullman palace sleepers. Chair cars free.

For full information call on or address

J. M. ROBINSON, General Agent,
16 North Tejon st.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE AND COLORADO MIDLAND R. R.
Sept. 6, 1891.

Westbound	Arrive	Leave
No. 5 Chicago to Denver	8.00 am	8.05 am
No. 7 Kansas City to Denver	1.30 am	1.45 am
No. 61 Salt Lake to Denver	4.17 am	4.22 am
No. 43 La Junta to Denver	4.47 pm	4.52 pm
Eastbound		
No. 6 Denver to Chicago	7.45 pm	7.55 pm
No. 8 Denver to Kansas City	2.20 am	2.40 am
No. 62 Denver to Salt Lake	10.15 pm	10.20 pm
No. 44 Denver to La Junta	10.40 am	10.45 am

Trains No. 5 and 6 are solid vestibule trains between Denver and Chicago without change. Carry Pullman Palace sleeping cars, Denver to Kansas City, chair cars and dining cars.

Train No. 7 runs via New Mexico and California and carries Pullman Palace sleepers, Denver to San Francisco and Kansas City and St. Louis.

No. 61 Accommodation for Salt Lake City and Ogden.

Train No. 8 and 62 run through Salt Lake to Ogden and connect with the Colorado Midland and Union Pacific for all points in California and Oregon.

Train No. 43 carries a Pullman sleeper and tourist sleeper for Kansas City and Chicago.

Train No. 44 connects at Pueblo with train for Leadville and Gunnison.

Ticket office, 16 Pike's Peak Avenue. Opens 8 a. m. to 7 p. m.

C. C. HOLT, Agent.

DENVER, TEXAS & FORT WORTH.

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 22 Denver Express 3.00

NORTH BOUND.

No. 21 Fort Worth Express 11.00

No. 23 Arrives from Denver ..... 12.20 pm
No. 25 Arrives from Denver ..... 3.55 pm

To and from the south New York via the New Orleans and Texas Central Railway leave Colorado Springs at 11.30 a. m.

Through tickets to New York via New Orleans and Chattanooga, Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia, or Richmond and Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia, or Norfolk and Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia.

Through tickets to all points in Texas and Mexico.

Sleeping cars attached to all trains.

For full information call on or address

C. W. G. RICE, City Ticket Agent, 16 Pike's Peak Avenue.
GEO. SHELL, General Agent.
D. C. DODGE, Ticket Agent, No. 24.

COLORADO MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Depot.
August 2, 1891.

Arrive from Leadville, Aspen, Glenwood Springs and Grand Junction ..... 10.25 pm
Arrive from Leadville, Aspen, Glenwood Springs and San Francisco ..... 10.25 pm
Leave for Denver ..... 4.37 pm

Through tickets sold to all points East.

C. C. HOLT, Agent.

Subject to Time Table.

Colorado Springs, Oct. 14, 1891.

WEST.

Colorado Springs	10.00 am
Colorado City	11.07 a m
Manitou	11.16 a m
Iron Springs	11.20 a m
Cascade	11.25 a m
Ute Park	11.35 a m
Glen of Mt. Falls	11.45 a m
Woodland Park	11.55 a m
Florissant	12.05 p m

EAST.

Florissant	2.37 p m
Woodland Park	2.44 p m
Green Mt. Falls	2.50 p m
Ute Park	3.00 p m
Cascade	3.04 p m
Iron Springs	3.15 p m
Manitou	3.18 p m
Colorado City	3.25 p m
Colorado Springs	3.40 p m

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE.

	Depart
No. 14 Vestibule limited to Chicago, Kansas City and St. Joe	7.30 pm
No. 16 Fast mail to Chicago, Kansas City and St. Joe	7.40 am
No. 18 Limited to Denver	9.30 am
No. 20	6.45 pm
No. 12 Limited to Pueblo	1.25 pm
No. 15	7.30 pm

Arrive

No. 13 Vestibule limited from Chicago ..... 2.10 am
No. 15 Fast mail from Chicago ..... 2.10 pm

No. 13 and 14 are solid vestibule trains between Chicago and Colorado Springs, via St. Joseph and Kansas City without change. Tickets on sale and baggage checked through to all points east and west at 16 Pike's Peak avenue or Union depot.

W. W. WOOD,
Ticket and Pass. Ag't.

THE COLORADO SPRINGS AND CRIPPLE CREEK TRANSIT RAILWAY CO.
TIME CARD.

MANITOU LINE.

Commencing at 6 am. cars leave Pike's Peak avenue and Tejon street for Manitou every 15 minutes until 10.45 pm. Last car leaves Manitou for Colorado Springs at 11.30 pm.

CHEYENNE CANON LINE.

Commencing at 5.55 am. cars leave Hourland and Tejon streets for Cheyenne Canon every 30 minutes until 5.55 pm. The next cars leave at 6.25, 7.55 and 8.55. Last car leaves Cheyenne Canon for Colorado Springs and Roswell at 9.30 pm.

ROSWELL LINE.

Commencing at 6 am. cars leave Manitou avenue and Tejon street for Roswell every 15 minutes until 8.45 pm. The next cars leave at 9.45, 10.00 and 10.45. Last car leaves Roswell coming south at 11.15 pm.

UINTAH STREET AND BORREGO AVENUE.

Commencing at 6 am. cars leave Manitou avenue and Tejon street for Uintah street every 14 minutes until 8.47 pm. The next cars leave at 9.27, 9.45, 10.00, 10.27, 10.42 and 10.55. Last car leaves Uintah street coming south at 11.30 pm.

AUSTIN BLUFF LINE.

Cars leave Hourland and Tejon streets for Knob Hill at 6.30, 7.05 and 7.40 am. For Knob Hill and Austin Bluff at 8.15, 9.30, 10.45, 12.00, 1.15, 2.30, 3.45, 5.00, 6.15 and 7.30.

SPRUCE STREET LINE.

Commencing at 7.10 am. cars leave Pike's Peak avenue and Tejon street for end of Spruce street every hour until 7.10 pm.

Commencing at 8.40 am. cars leave Pike's Peak avenue and Tejon street for Great Stone Incline every hour until 7.40 pm.

A car will be at the A. T. & S. F., M. & R. G. R. R. depots on the arrival of all trains between 7 am and 10.30 pm.

JOSEPH DOZIER,
AGENT FOR
WILLER'S PATENT BLINDS
Window and Door Screens.
Tried Cedar Shingles Put on Hand
Contractor and Builder.
South of Court House on Nevada Avenue

Henry LeB. Wills
REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE.
NOTARY PUBLIC
AND
COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS
For Pennsylvania and Massachusetts.
MONEY TO LOAN
On Real Estate Security.
HOUSES FOR RENT.

Furnished.

N. Cascade Ave., 18 rooms, beautifully furnished $75.00
North Nevada avenue, 15 rooms, furnished, steam heat and electric bells, stable and improved grounds ..... [illegible]
San Rafael St., stone house of [illegible] and bath, stable, large grounds ..... [illegible]
N. Weber St., 10 rooms, bath, stable and large grounds ..... [illegible]
Pike's Peak Ave., 9 rooms and bath ..... [illegible]
N. Nevada Ave., 12 rooms, bath, stable ..... [illegible]
319 N. Cascade, 10 rooms, bath, stable ..... [illegible]
Northeast corner Cascade Ave. and Platte St., 10 rooms, bath, stable ..... [illegible]
N. Cascade Ave., finely furnished, 9 rooms ..... [illegible]
N. Cascade Ave., 8 rooms, bath ..... [illegible]
6 E. Willamette, 8 rooms and bath ..... [illegible]
North Weber, 8 rooms and bath ..... [illegible]
420 N. Nevada, 10 rooms, bath, stable ..... [illegible]
125 N. Weber, 9 rooms, bath, barn ..... [illegible]
N. Cascade Ave., 9 rooms, bath, barn, large grounds ..... [illegible]
33 W. Cache la Poudre, 8 rooms, bath ..... [illegible]
317 N. Tejon, 7 rooms and bath, barn ..... [illegible]
317 N. Tejon, 8 rooms and bath; stable ..... [illegible]
621 N. Nevada Ave., 8 rooms and bath, stable ..... [illegible]
1205 N. Tejon, 7 rooms and bath ..... [illegible]
Park Place, opposite the Antlers, 5 rooms and bath ..... [illegible]
521 N. Cascade Ave., 7 rooms ..... [illegible]
19 E. Platte, 7 rooms and bath ..... [illegible]
402 E. Huerfano, 5 rooms ..... [illegible]
216 E. St. Vrain, 8 rooms; stable ..... [illegible]
19 E. Boulder St., 7 rooms ..... [illeg

School Board Petitioned.

Mr. Reuben Berrey has handed THE GAZETTE the following petition which he has prepared and which is to be circulated among the business men to-day:

To the School Directors of District No. 11:

We, taxpayers and residents of the city of Colorado Springs, do most earnestly petition your honorable body to let the contract for building the High school to our own home contractors, and in the future to employ home architects. We do this, not because we doubt the judgment of your honorable body, nor do we wish to dictate to the board its proper course, but we believe every elective body should strive to work out the will of its constituency, and only by petition can the will of the people be made known. Therefore, we petition the acceptance of the bid of some one of our regular home contractors of good reputation, even if his contract price be a little higher than that of some foreign contractor, and for those reasons:

First—The home contractor, for the sake of his own town and for the sake of his own reputation will strive to erect the best building in his power. He is far more interested in this city than any outsider can be.

Second—We believe the prosperity of this city will suffer if any other course be adopted. At a time of depression the highest rate of taxation ever known in this city has been levied. In our city, as in every other, the bulk of the population is made of the wage-earners. No city can for a long time prosper and secure a population permanent in character unless its laboring class be employed. Just at this critical period when the tide of our prosperity threatens to ebb, if the day laborer cannot earn the money to meet the rent, the taxes, or the payment on his home, then what is now depression may become something far worse. If a Denver or Pueblo contractor underbids our home contractors it is because he expects to import cheap and unskilled labor from those cities, he expects to purchase in other markets than our own, the hardware, the lumber and all the material for the building, and nearly a $100,000 taken by taxation from the people will go out of the city. Numberless cases can be cited where school, municipal, and governmental boards have not considered the lowest bid the best and have refused to award the contract thereto. Laws and precedents well established by prior actions of your honorable body will enable you to give employment to our own laborers, especially those endeavoring to secure or retain homes in this city, thereby concerning the interests of all our merchants and tradesmen and of the city in general.

Killed at Cripple Creek.

At about 4 o'clock last Saturday afternoon a man named Chick Gatewood was fatally injured while at work in a mining shaft at Cripple Creek.

Mr. Gatewood was working in the employment of a Mr. McCue, and at the time of the accident the two men were at work together in the shaft. Gatewood was close under the embankment digging, when suddenly it gave way and a heavy load of earth fell upon him, crushing in his chest. The wounded man's companion hastily came to the rescue, and in a short time removed the load from his body. Mr. McCue instantly saw that the man was very badly hurt, and assistance coming Gatewood was removed to more comfortable surroundings. At a few minutes after 5 o'clock on Sunday morning the injured man died.

A telegram was sent to this city for a coffin, and the funeral took place at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon at Florissant.

Mr. Gatewood was a new arrival at the mining camp, having been there but five days before his injury. His only relative is his mother, who lives at San Antonio, Tex.

Football.

Next Saturday the first football game of the season takes place at the Athletic park. The home team will be composed of the representatives of the School of Mines of Golden. It will be remembered that the Golden boys have held the state championship for two successive years. This year they have played fairly well by beating the State University team of Boulder by 10 to 6. Among the old faces in the eleven will be seen that of our townsman George Schneider, whose play is always of a brilliant description and who generally manages to shine more than usually against his erstwhile club mates. The local men have some splendid material this season and will be captained by the old Cornell crack Mr. Percy Hagerman, who will have Mr. Mustard of Colorado College, a player of considerable note in the east, Mr. King, and most of the best men of last year's team to back him. The game will be one of the series of championship ones, the other teams to be played being the Denver Athletic club and the State University of Boulder—all home and home matches. The Springs team has not been definitely chosen yet as the exact merits of the various players who have been practising some weeks have to be carefully considered. In all probability the eleven will be chosen from the following: Hagerman, Mustard, King, M. O. Barnes, H. D. Barnes, Lawton, McReynolds, Smith, Carnduff, Berry, Crissey, Welch, and Clark. The invariable experience of the Golden team has been to come, see and conquer, and it is hoped that a large crowd will go and see whether they are able to conquer the "tender house plants" of Colorado Springs" or not.

The Hustler.

Incorporated in the farcical play of "The Hustler," which will scintillate on the stage of the opera house next Friday evening, is a long line of new, bright and originally specialties, prominent among which are the songs and sparkling witticisms of that master spirit of Celtic comedy, John Kernell; Gus Mulle' inimitable Irish songs; the songs, dances and imitations of Barney Reynolds; Mollie Thompson's song and dance, with a somewhat accompaniment; the terrific knockabout act of Adam S. Maye and Lew Harrison; the vocal gymnastics of the handsome Zelma Rawlston, one of the operatic queens of the New York Casino; the songs and character impersonations of the charming Lapuite sisters; the singing of the famous "Hustler" male quartette Leonard Somers, Harry Leighton, Mack Mentor and Milo Knill, and the poses and pirouettes of the Parisian Duster dance contingent, led by Mlle Staccione, the Italian toe dancer.

The three acts of "The Hustler" fairly blaze with vocal and terpsichorean novelties, and the play itself is said to contain more laughs than all the other farce comedies combined.

The Bear Creek Toll Road.

Yesterday morning certain citizens who are interested in defeating the candidacy of Mr. Howbert, Mr. Durfee and Mr. Woodbury—had a circular distributed that was intended to do them harm. Its purport was to the effect that there was something wrong in the officers permitting a private company to gain control of the Bear Creek canon for a county road. A member of the board of county commissioners yesterday gave a statement to a GAZETTE representative that fully exonerates them from any suspicion in the case. The facts are about as follows: As far back as 1884 the county commissioners had a survey made for a county road up the Bear Creek canon. There was but little travel up the canon, and that only for a short time in the year, and the commissioners held that the county would never be justified in going to the great expense of building a road there. A few years ago a company proposed to put a toll road in and the county commissioners offered to vacate their survey and give up all claims to the canon if they would proceed with the work. They were willing to let a private company take the risk, and thus benefit the few travelers through the canon. This was years before Mr. Plumb became a member of the board or Mr. Howbert the clerk. Last winter Mr. Plumb and Mr. Howbert became convinced that the Bear Creek canon would become considerable of a highway and they conceived the plan of putting in a fine toll road and organized a company for that purpose. Mr. Plumb was the only member of the board owning a dollar's worth of stock in the company. When the county commissioners were asked to vacate their survey Mr. Plumb absolutely refrained from taking any part in the proceedings of the board while the matter was being discussed, and the other commissioners appointed a board of viewers to look into the matter. The board of viewers was composed of good and reputable citizens of the county who were uninterested in the matter. Mr. John Himebaugh was one of the board. They went over the ground and made a report to the effect that in their opinion the county would never be justified in going to the great expense of putting a road in there and keeping it up for the amount of travel that would pass over it. Acting on this advice the commissioners let the company have right of way. A fine road has been put in at a great expense and toll is not charged until far beyond where pleasure seekers usually go. There has never been much of a road into the canon, excepting some work done by the city when putting in its settler and pipe line. The county has had a rather indifferent road leading up to the mouth of the canon until this fall, when Mr. Antony Bott, of Colorado City, appeared before the commissioners and petitioned for a shorter route. He offered right of way through his land, and held out the inducement that such a road would be an advantage to all the people of the three cities. The commissioners took advantage of the offer and put the road through at a cost of $150. The toll road company does not use one foot of road ever built by the county and is built on an entirely separate survey from that made by the county. The company's survey was made by Mr. Durfee who was simply hired to do this work.

Death of John Carruthers.

The death of Mr. John B. Carruthers occurred on Saturday night last as a result of a violent attack of hemorrhage.

The funeral services, conducted by Rev. Mr. Warner, were held yesterday at the family residence, No. 540 East Platte avenue, followed by interment at Evergreen cemetery.

Mr. Carruthers was a native of County Fermanagh, Province of Ulster, Ireland, and spent several years of his early manhood in this county and Canada, being engaged a part of the time as mining engineer at Virginia City, Nev., after which he returned to Ireland.

About three years ago he was compelled by pulmonary trouble to seek the beneficial influence of this climate and settled with his family at Colorado Springs. Mr. Carruthers was a man of marked uprightness in all his dealings and during his residence here won the respect of a large circle of friends. He leaves a widow and nine children to mourn their loss.

The family desire to extend their heartfelt thanks to the many friends who offered aid and sympathy in their bereavement.

Mr. H. L. Dailey, clerk at the Alamo hotel, will leave on Sunday for a vacation trip to the east.

A Good Scoop for Baby Cleveland.

When it was announced the other day that a daughter had been born to ex-president and Mrs. Grover Cleveland, the telegraph and mail bore congratulations to the happy parents from friends belonging to both of the great political parties. Later on these friends heartily applauded the decision to give the winsome stranger the good old fashioned name of Ruth, and now the celebrated Clover club, of Philadelphia, has marked its appreciation of the event by presenting Baby Ruth with a spoon.

RUTH'S PRESENT.

As the young lady could not attend the club's session to receive her gift, Colonel Daniel S. Lamont, (formerly Mr. Cleveland's private secretary, acted as proxy and made an appropriate speech of acceptance. Since its foundation the Clover club has presented solid silver spoons to the newly born children of members. In this case, however, a departure was made from the usual practice, Miss Cleveland's spoon being of gold.

Highest of all in Leavening Power. —Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

AN OCTOGENARIAN SOLDIER.

Quartermaster Sergeant Connor's Long Service in the Militia.

Quartermaster Sergeant James Edward Connor, of the Eighth regiment of the national guard of New York, is the oldest militiaman in the United States, not only in years, but in continuous service. On Sept. 11, 1819, he joined the militia, and has served honorably and uncompromisingly since than many men do in five years. What is of more importance to the journalist, he has been a close observer all this time, and can detail every change from Scott's tactics and the old flintlocks down to the breechloader and Upton's tactics.

On reaching his sixty third year he decided to resign, seeing that he was no longer able to do the duties of quartermaster sergeant, but Colonel George D. Scott of the Eighth fully refused to accept his resignation on such grounds, assigning a younger man to do the work and giving the old sergeant exemption from drill whenever he felt indisposed. Mr. Connor was born Jan. 16, 1808, in Newark, N. J., and felt his first promptings to military training at the age of five, when the second war with England began to grow exciting. He removed to New York city in boyhood, and has resided there ever since. After a variety of experience in temperance militia companies he joined the Sixth regiment, known as the "Governor's Guards," in 1845, and has remained in that and its successor ever since.

He has seen some active service, too, as the city militia has repeatedly been called out in riotous times. He started to the front in 1861, but all the men over fifty years of age were weeded out and he was

JAMES EDWARD CONNOR.

one of them. Despite his eighty-three years he handles a gun splendidly, seldom misses a drill and is under canvas with his company during the whole annual encampment. His particular pride is the handsome new armory of the Eighth on Park avenue and Ninety-fourth street, and he wears several medals for marksmanship and good service.

Baptism of a Colored Giant.

The Mount Olivet Baptist church in West Fifty-third street is the fashionable Afro-American house of worship of New York city. It is a large and commodious edifice, but its capacity was taxed to the utmost the other Sunday, the attraction being the baptism of John A. Sexton, who is a giant physically as well as a giant of influence among the colored residents of Gotham. A score of years ago he was a Washington politician, and first visited New York as a full member of Charles Sumner's funeral. Soon after he obtained a position as guide and guardian of the big Equitable building on Broadway, and has held the place ever since. Recently he experienced religion and

JOHN A. SEXTON.

expressed a desire to become a member of the Mount Olivet congregation. He was gladly welcomed to the fold, but Parson Wisher hardly saw how he was going to baptize a man over 6 feet 7 inches tall in a font 5 feet square and 4 deep. However, he essayed the task and succeeded, much to the satisfaction of the large audience. Mr. Sexton is comparatively wealthy and a man of family.

Stories About the White House.

A historical fact not generally known is that the president's house was nearly occupied being a national hotel. In 1814, when the government was beginning its capital in a wooden on the Potomac, and had run short of funds, congress was made that work on the Capitol be stopped and that the White House be fitted up for the use of congress. Estimates were secured on the cost of doing the work, and if President John Adams hadn't insisted the completion of the building would have been delayed for many years.

Another source of annoyance was the disposition made of the gift expected presented to General Grant by the sultan of Turkey. It was really an immense Turkish rug, and, of course it did not fit the East room. So somebody cut it up and sewed it together with a puckering, skewering seam fit to give a man of good taste a headache. This was so ugly that they took it out altogether, and cut the great rug into still smaller pieces, used them for a time, and finally sold them. I could now take you to some rather modest houses in this town where the mistresses and masters boast that their floors are covered by the rug which the sultan of Turkey presented to General Grant. Following the rug came a carpet secured as a bribe. Colors were colors in those days, and in this case the cuisine was painfully conspicuous.

Pan Republic Congress.

The pan republic committee at its two days' session held in Philadelphia designated Rev. Edward Everett Hale, D. D., and William O. McDowell as delegates to the meeting of the International Peace league soon to be held at Rome, Italy. The Human Freedom society constituted at this meeting adopted as its emblem the flag of the nations participating centered in a white field. The league is to comprise as charter members the membership of all organizations in the world which in their organic law favor liberty, constitutional government and free institutions. All such are invited to send name and address to William O. McDowell, chairman of the organizing committee, Newark, N. J. The general committee adjourned to meet at Omaha, April 10, 1892.

How to Take Care of Gloves.

Sew the buttons on a new pair before using them. The buttons are not put on securely at the factories. A rip is best mended on the wrong side. For another sort of rent sometimes a bit of court plaster can be used. It will hold a tiny piece of kid in place on each thumb tip where a glove is likely to wear in time. For all mending of gloves use thread instead of silk, and when repairing a small hole other than a rip buttonhole in fine stitches around its edge and then draw together. The buttonholing makes the repair more firm.

It is a pity no preparation has been found to prevent some hands from spoiling gloves by perspiration. There is only one way to care for such *damp gloves*, and that is to blow into them till they take the form of the hand, then put them where they will dry. If crumpled when wet it will be almost impossible to get them on after they dry.

A Promising Wheelman.

Charles W. Price, who is a popular member of the Milwaukee Wheelmen, and winner of the great Waukesha road race, run Aug. 15, is a young and very promising rider, upon whose shoulders the mantle of champion will, barring accidents, fall at

C. W. PRICE.

no distant date. He was born at Monticello, Ia., in 1872, stands 5 ft. 6 in. and weighs 125 pounds. He made his initial appearance on a race track at Waukesha, Wis., last year, winning first prize in a one mile handicap. He displayed a wonderful turn of speed for a beginner, and all good judges at once predicted a great future for the young rider.

In the recent Waukesha-Milwaukee road race, which in the west is second only in importance to the great Pullman road race, he was given 2 minutes' start by N. H. Van Sicklen, of Chicago, and Jerry Andre, of Milwaukee, who started from scratch. Price finished an easy winner in the wonderful time considering the bad condition of the course, of 3hm. 38s., which time was beaten only by the scratch men whose times were: Van Sicklen, 3hm. 46s; Andre, 3hm. 44s. Price, who possesses both speed and staying powers in a remarkable degree, is bound to show up well in the championship events next year.

WAGON WHEEL GAP.

The Denver & Rio Grande are now running trains to Wagon Wheel Gap daily except Sunday. Fare from here to the Gap and return $20.30, portion of fare $11.20. Limit 30 days. Ticket office 16 N. Tejon St.

RIO GRANDE.

Trains to Denver 8.37 a. m., 10.42 a. m., 3.37 p. m., 4.10 a. m. and 4.55 a. m. To Pueblo 11 a. m., 1.30 p. m., 6.31 p. m., 9.45 p. m. and 10.40 p. m., connecting with all Eastern trains.

A COLORADO GEM.

is the Burlington Train No. 2, which leaves Denver at 8.30 p. m. every day in the year, arriving at Chicago at 8.00 a. m., St. Louis 7.30 a. m. next morning. This is a solid vestibule train with all modern improvements known to the civilized world. Is composed of Pullman palace sleeping cars, elegant day coaches and dining cars. All sleeping cars have a porter in attendance whose duty it is to look after the comforts of passengers, especially ladies traveling alone. No change of cars of any kind on this train between Denver, Omaha, Chicago, St. Joe and St. Louis. Parties travelling via this route enjoy the greatest variety of scenery, and the only line passing through the Mormon City. For further information call on or address, W. W. Wood, Ticket and Passenger Agent, 18 Pike's Peak avenue. Telephone 97.

ASK FOR REASONS

Why the "WABASH" is the most desirable route for all points East.

First—You can purchase through tickets for all Eastern points at any coupon ticket office in the west, and this line taking your choice of routes to the Missouri River.

Second—You can go by the way of Omaha or Kansas City at your option.

Third—From either of these points you can have your choice of "FIVE" different routes as follows:

Via the Kensington Line, which is the short line to the East.

Via St. Louis, where direct connection is made with all Eastern and Southern lines.

Via Chicago, the World's Fair City and the windy city.

Via Toledo, Ohio's great inland city, connecting at that place with the Lake Shore fast trains to the East.

Via Detroit, Michigan's prettiest and most beautiful city, where Eastern lines connect.

All of the above named points are reached direct only by the "WABASH" and direct by no other line running from the West.

Ask for your tickets by the way of this line. Rates as low as by other lines.

We run the finest train on earth, a hold-your-breath fast limited. Write me for rates, etc.

C. M. HAMILTON,
D. L. Ayres, City Passenger Agent.
Pearsall's Hotel,
(20) 12th street, Denver, Colo.

VIA ROCK ISLAND.

Rock Island fast trains to Denver, Colorado Springs at 9.00 a. m. and 4.45 p. m. arriving Denver 11.00 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rock Island is the only line running through Colorado Springs. Tickets at 18 S. Main st.

NEW TIME!!! NEW TIME!!!

Today, Sunday, May 10, The Great Rock Island Route inaugurates its new time card. Will give you a train leaving Colorado Springs at 7.30 a. m. and 4.45 p. m. daily, arriving Denver 11.00 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rock Island is the only line running through Colorado Springs. Tickets at 18 S. Main st.

Rock Island vestibuled limited for Chicago, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Joe and all points east, north and northwest, now leaves Colorado Springs 7.30 p. m.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Great Rock Island Limited now leaves Colorado Springs 7.30 p. m.

WORDS OF PRAISE

Are heard on every side from the travelling public for the superior service of the Santa Fe route. It is justly said that the Chicago vestibuled limited is the finest train by all odds that runs into Colorado. The very latest improvements in palace cars. Unexcelled dining car service. No change of cars between Colorado Springs and Chicago.

An elegant Pullman sleeping car left at Colorado Springs daily, in which a berth may be secured at the city ticket office in the Opera House Block. Take notice. C. C. HOFF, Agent.

A DAY IN DENVER.

In order to accommodate the Santa Fe train at 4.00 a. m. which will give you almost the whole day in Denver. Trains returning leave at 3.40 and 7.30 and 11 a. m.

CALIFORNIA EXCURSIONS.

Leave Chicago via the Santa Fe Route every Thursday, arriving at 7.30 and Kansas City every Friday morning at 11.40 and arrive at La Junta every Saturday morning at 8.25. Parties from Colorado Springs desiring to join these cars leave at 2.35 p. m., each Friday, transferring at La Junta over night or leave here at 2.40 a. m. Saturday, making connection at La Junta the same morning. These excursions are personally conducted by salaried agents who conduct the excursions to destination to give personal attention to the comfort of travelers, especially aged persons, ladies and children without escort. Leaving Colorado Springs at 2.40 a. m. Saturday, the passenger will arrive at Los Angeles at 2.45 p. m., the following Monday and at San Diego at 8.25 p. m. on Tuesday. Leaving Colorado Springs Tuesday at 11.35 a. m. Inquire at city ticket office, Opera House Block.

NEW ROUTE TO MINNEAPOLIS,

And all Minnesota, Dakota, Iowa and Western points. The new service of the Great Rock Island Route via Omaha is indeed a long felt want properly provided for, as the traveler to any of these points can now dispense with the annoyance and waste of time of changing cars at Denver, and enjoy the very best train service and quick time by availing himself of this line. Call and see what we can do for you. W. W. Wood, Ticket and Passenger Agent, 18 Pike's Peak avenue. Telephone 97.

PARLOR CARS.

Our cars are also used on the Colorado Springs and Santa Fe trains daily. The cars are comfortable yarders and the chairs as comfortable as the finest parlor chairs, not to be compared with the ordinary chair cars, but entirely new. Trains carrying these leave for Pueblo at 10.35 a. m. and for Denver at 4.37 p. m.

CALIFORNIA.

THE ROCK ISLAND AND RIO GRANDE

Have two daily trains through to San Francisco without change. Chair cars, Pullman Tourist Sleepers, elegant Dining cars. Ticket office, 18 South Tejon street.

"BROADMOOR"

The Most Available Suburb of Colorado Springs!

A Perfect Pleasure and Health Resort,

Possessing a Complete Water System.

Beautiful Walks! Wooded Parks!

Cheyenne : Lake.

(The Largest Body of Water in the Vicinity.)

Telephone and Electric Motor Connections with the City, and Unsurpassed Views—The Best Opportunity for First-class Investments.

For Prices on Acre Lots, Blocks or Larger Blocks, Apply at

Connolly's Office, Gazette Building,

No. 115 Pike's Peak Avenue,

Or to ANY REAL ESTATE AGENT.

The best located Property in Colorado Springs, either for homes or for investment is

NOB HILL

For prices and terms call on

A. A. McGOVNEY,

113 Kiowa Street,

Or any Agent in the City.

THE MARVELOUS MOQUI SNAKE DANCE

By Dr. R. W. Shufeldt, of the Smithsonian Institution. Illustrated from photographs which are said to be the only ones ever made. All of our illustrations are made direct from photo. negatives, hence are absolutely true. This article is illustrated showing *The Beginning of the Dance, Handling Live Rattle Snakes, Moqui in Ceremonial Garb.* The above is but one of the many articles and illustrations, the special feature of the *OCTOBER GREAT DIVIDE* will be its Art Supplement, an Aztec [illegible]

FOUTS GORGE

the impregnable wonder of the Rockies, frozen in mid-summer, yet surrounded by beautiful foliage.

TWENTY GEMSTONES

Cut and polished for jewelry mounting

ALL FREE WITH THE GREAT DIVIDE

These Gemstones are as follows: *Corals, Goldstone, Tiger Eye, Sard-Onyx,* Fancy *Crazy Agate, Moss Agate, Carnelian, Jasper Agate, Satin Spar* (the peer of Moonstone), *Montana Petrified Wood,* etc., given free as a premium to each new yearly subscriber, if *$1.00,* price of yearly subscription, is sent within *30* days of the date of this issue. Each Gem is honestly worth *50* cents, and some cannot be bought for *$1* each of any jeweler, yet the total value is over *$10.* You naturally say, "Can this be true?" We positively refund your money if you are not fully satisfied. Our reason for offering this costly premium is [illegible] quicker than by any other way that we know of, and our conclusions are sustained by experience.

OUR CONTRIBUTORS are Literateurs, Plain People, Scouts, Cowboys, Miners, Indians in other words, people familiar when of they write, and who tell their stories in their own quaint way. You cannot afford to miss this.

MARVELOUS is this inducement seems, you may rest assured it is genuine, or the publishers of this magazine would not print this advertisement; therefore send *$1.00* to-day for a year's subscription, and the twenty Gemstones will be sent the same day your order is received; or, if you prefer, your newsdealer will get it for you. Sample copy, *10* cents. Always address

THE GREAT DIVIDE, 1516-18 Arapahoe St., DENVER, COLO.

CHOOSE YOUR ROAD.

If you are thinking of going to California at the Pacific coast this fall, or to Portland, Oregon, or any other point in the Northwest, you will do well to read and get information of the Union Pacific. The Union Pacific will, if you are thinking of going to any point in Texas, Old Mexico, Arizona, California, Oregon, Washington, Utah, Montana, Idaho, Nevada, Colorado, Nebraska, Kansas, Dakota, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, Florida, Texas, Arkansas, Louisiana, Indian Territory, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana

THE GAZETTE.

COLORADO SPRINGS, OCTOBER 27, 1891

[illegible] of the University of Denver will preach in this city [illegible].

Dr. R. S. MacArthur will speak to the college students at chapel exercises this [illegible].

Shimp, the clothier, has an inducement to offer you on underwear this week. See his ad.

Mr. George Morgan, steward of the Tremont hotel, Chicago, is stopping at the Alamo on a vacation trip.

Jack Davis, the slugger, formerly of this city, knocked out a man named Morrison at Leadville Saturday in six rounds.

An adjourned meeting of the Crowell M[illegible] company is to be held this evening and all members are requested to be present.

Rev. Livingston L. Taylor, the new pastor of the First Presbyterian church, preached his first sermon on Sunday to a large audience.

The new alarm boxes for the fire department have been put in place and are in operation. All have been tested by Chief Merrill.

In the football game in the state league the School of Mines club from Golden won on Saturday with the Boulders by a score of 10 to 6.

The Rev. A. R. Howbert received word yesterday that his wife, living in Ohio, had broken her arm by a fall. The doctor left last night for Ohio.

The residence of Mr. Charles T. Willows, of Palmer Lake, containing a valuable collection of art works, was destroyed by fire Friday night.

Governor Routt has pardoned Almond Cobbins, who is confined in the county jail, upon his agreeing to offer of the Salvation Army. The pardon dates after [illegible].

There will be an important meeting of Colorado Springs Chapter No. 6 this evening at 7:30 p. m. prompt. Besides the regular business there will be work in the royal arch degree. Visiting companions cordially invited. A collation will be served after the work.

Mr. and Mrs. Gleason have only sold the furniture of the Alta Vista to Mr. [illegible] of the place for five years. The Alta Vista has always been conducted with credit to the owners and to the satisfaction of its high class of patrons, and the new proprietor will keep up its reputation.

The body of Mrs. A. E. Wright, the woman who shot her lover and then committed suicide at Telluride, has been sent to New York for interment by her husband, Mr. Wright. Mr. Wright, improving rapidly, will recover, and his wife will go to Saint Louis. Mrs. Wright for a short time was employed at Mrs. Rowe's building on Tejon street.

Mr. C. S. L[illegible], the ranger agent of the Midland road, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Lee is arranging for a change of time in running trains over the road and a new time card will go into effect next Sunday. According to the new schedule the train for Salt Lake and the Utah will leave here at 10:30 in the morning and will leave at 10 o'clock in the evening. This will prove a very great accommodation to the road's patrons.

There are prospected meetings at the Christian church now intensely interesting [illegible]. The large church is filled with people every night to hear the preaching and prayer by the evangelists, Boyer and Brown. There are many additions by confession and baptism at every meeting. Mr. Boyer will preach to-night upon "The Place and the Power of the Dark Ages in the History of the Church." It is a sketch of unusual interest.

A number of the gentlemen who are interested in getting up a company to work the sanitarium for the Kelley gold cure in this city held a meeting yesterday evening to further consider the matter. As we stated, they have but a few weeks in which to complete the organization and it is probable that the matter will be settled to-day. There is no doubt but the stock of the company would sell readily if put on the market, as the inhabitants at other places have been so benefited.

Mr. Geo. S. Goodale, captain of the Colorado College cadets spent last week in Denver where he took the examination for appointment to the West Point cadetship from Colorado. On Saturday it was announced that Mr. Goodale had won by a score of [illegible] out of a possible 300. Mr. Goodale is receiving the congratulations of his friends here, who [illegible] not have [illegible]. He is the son of Captain Goodale of the United States army, now located in Texas but has made his home here for the past three years.

Dr. A. R. Jenkins, late of San Antonio, Tex., is a recent arrival in the city and will probably remain for some time as he here for his health. He is suffering with a complication of troubles arising from an attack of scarlet fever. The doctor is making a study of climatology with reference to its effect in the cure of consumption by Koch's lymph. Dr. Jenkins was a student in Koch's laboratory, and has been very successful in using the lymph in Texas. He has taken a residence on Tejon street and will have headquarters on the first floor of the Bank building. Dr. Jenkins has always treated large numbers of poor persons free of charge, and will do so here.

A man named Neiswinder was brought up in the police court yesterday morning, together with a companion known to fame as Pete Teal. The two men had been partakers in a drunken Sunday evening entertainment in the Empire house, and Neiswinder was accused of calling a number of objectionable names to the gathering of men and women, and particularly to his wife, who took offense and sent for an officer. Neiswinder was taken to the jail, and Teal was brought there also for drunkenness. The case was postponed in the morning until evening, when Neiswinder was fined $8 and costs and Teal $5 and costs.

The return of Rosina Vokes is welcome in many ways. She is the most delightful of comedienses, and her influence upon the stage has been elevating in every way. She divides the honor with Mrs. Kendall of being the only actress who has an established social position in New York. Mr. Wallack will produce a number of new plays. She has a very strong following in Philadelphia. [illegible] will appear at the opera house next Monday evening in three of her best [illegible], "A Game of Cards," "the Circus Rider," and "the Rough Diamond." [illegible] will be [illegible] at the [illegible] price.

Voting Places.

The county commissioners have designated the following named places for voting on election day:

Precinct No. 27. College Hill house.
No. 28. Court house.
No. 29—H. D. Johnson's carpenter shop, Wahsatch avenue.
No. 30. Weber hall.
No. 31—Not located.
No. 32. E. C. Bartlett's shop.
No. 33. Colored M. E. church.
No. 34—Eli Marsh's hotel, corner Nevada avenue and Rio Grande street.
No. 35. City hall.
No. 36—No. 5 East Cucharras street, Ritter & Kelly's shop.
No. 37—No. 113 East Rio Grande street, Bosworth's shop.
No. 38. C. H. Adams & Co.
No. 39—Parker's vacant store building.

Resolutions of Respect.

Whereas, It has pleased an all wise Providence to remove from the labors of earth Brother James H. B. McFarlan, who was for a number of years a member of El Paso lodge No. 13, A. F. and A. M.;

Resolved, That it is with deep sorrow that we mourn the death of our late brother who was called from labor by the Grand Architect of the Universe, after a lingering illness, September 29, 1891. We shall miss his cordial smile, wise counsel and unceasing activity in the interests of the lodge.

Resolved, That our heartfelt sympathies be extended to the bereaved family of our deceased brother, and that a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to them and also published in the daily papers of Colorado Springs.

J. P. LYONS,
JAMES P. BARNES,
EDWARD J. SMITH,
Committee.

For the Laurian Minstrels' Home.

The Broadmoor company has offered a block containing about eight acres for the Laurian Minstrels' Home.

The land is on the Rapid Transit company's line and commands an excellent view of the surrounding country. It is located nearly [illegible] of the Country club building. Ten acres have been added by Mr. Jacob Becker to the forty offer by Mr. Frank Howbert of ten acres in the Garden of the Gods for the location of the new home, and it has not been decided which place will be accepted the question will be brought up in the meeting of the Laurian board of the home, which [illegible] to-day in Denver.

The board is on the point of adopting the [illegible] building site in behalf of the [illegible] institution.

[illegible]

It was a [illegible] night at the [illegible] rooms last night, from twelve to fifteen young men [illegible] their first [illegible] in the school of dancing. [illegible] more in the gymnasium than ever [illegible] the pleasures of the evening. All young men are invited to come in and see what is going on.

To-night the school [illegible] at 7:30 and [illegible] who will [illegible] to join them in [illegible] supposed to be present.

A [illegible] of popular [illegible] subjects [illegible] for the young men [illegible] will be given to [illegible] who will be [illegible] of [illegible] their subject, and the [illegible] fail to be of great benefit to the young men who attend them. No [illegible] time to join and get the benefit of them.

[illegible]

One of the [illegible] attractions of the present [illegible] is that of Bessie Kate Castleton [illegible] Miss Castleton will be here at the opera house this evening. Says an exchange: "Kate Castleton [illegible] with a metropolitan [illegible] favorably known [illegible] at least of the principal New York theatres [illegible] the critics generally [illegible] thing it to be the best of its kind, and with the [illegible] strength [illegible] acting and singing and dancing [illegible] specialty will [illegible] of any of the new [illegible] now before the public. A bevy of pretty girls, funnier of funny comedy [illegible] Joe Ott, and [illegible] Merville, who is quite [illegible] have danced her into popularity and fame, all that could be in the way of the jolliest and [illegible] attractive of entertainments. New songs, dances, medleys and [illegible] will be introduced almost [illegible] will [illegible] the eye, and there will be chosen with the [illegible] of [illegible] complete [illegible] company is as follows: Jos. Ott, Hoke Mathews, Maggie Emerson, Phyllis Allen, Eva [illegible], Max Miller, Sherman Wells, Martin O'Neill, Jas. F. McDonald, Bartram Dalell, [illegible] Wright, Harry Chase and W. H. May. The organization is under the direction of George H. Murray, who, with wide experience and knowledge of the requirements of a first-class show will make "The Dazzler" a howling success, a thing of beauty and a joy forever."

A man named Kelly came into this city from the country last Sunday, and succeeded, while under the influence of drink, in creating a very decided disturbance. He had a revolver with him, and in the north part of the city discharged it several times, much to the terror of the residents in that quarter. At the close of his day's career he entered Miller Bros. drug store, and thrusting his weapon in the face of the clerk attempted to hold him up for a glass of whisky. The clerk went to the telephone, and an officer was soon on the spot. Kelly was taken to jail, and yesterday morning he was given a fine of $20 and costs. Other charges may be brought against him for various offenses committed while on his spree.

NOTICE.

I shall be a candidate for Superintendent of Schools of El Paso county, at the approaching election, subject to the decision of the VOTERS at the polls. My reasons for taking this step will be published later on.

REUBEN BERRY.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week, ten cents per line for each insertion.

HALLETT & BAKER,
Undertakers.
30 E. Pikes Peak Ave. Telephone No. 31.

JOHN GRANNIS.

DR. HENRY B. HAYDEN
Dentist.
Rooms 33, 34, 35 Hagerman Block.

[illegible] for Edwin C. Hall's piano. To reduce this [illegible] sell at ten per cent less than Eastern prices.

WASHBURN AND BRUNO GUITARS AND MANDOLINS.

Decker and Lyon & Healy harps. Strings and music—the best of all kinds at Hyatt & Willard's music store, 24 E. Kiowa St.

TABLE 18—Great reduction in prices this week.
CLINTON,
30 Pike's Peak Ave.

BLUE FRONT GROCERY AND MEAT MARKET.

Groceries, fresh and salt meats, etc. 201 S. Tejon st. Terms cash. BEST WATER WHITE COAL OIL, 15 CENTS PER GALLON.

To buy or sell stocks or interests in Aspen mines write R. Clark Wheeler, Aspen, Colorado.

SPECTACLES fitted accurately at Ashby's.

TABLE—Ale, Cream and [illegible] ale, small tables, very cheap this week.
CLINTON,
30 Pike's Peak Ave.

PROF. B. HOLLANDER'S
Ladies' hair dressing parlors, all kinds of hair work, dyeing, bleaching, etc., promptly attended to. Children's haircutting a specialty. Owner of first gold medals, Vienna, Austria, Paris. 108 N. Tejon St., Rose Building up-stairs. Colorado Springs.

ASHBY, the oldest established Jeweler for good goods and good work at the right price. SEE HIM. A full stock of Anti Cut Pebble lenses. They are easy on the eyes and coolest to the eye. D. ASHBY, Optician.

ASPEN SHORT LINE RAILWAY COMPANY.
New York, September 30, 1891.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Aspen Short Line Railway company for the election of directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before such meeting will be held at the office of the company at Colorado Springs, Colorado, at twelve o'clock noon on Monday, November 2nd, 1891.

The transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock p. m. on October 30th, 1891, and will remain closed until three days after the stockholders' meeting.

OSCAR BUNKE,
Secretary.

METROPOLITAN MARKET HOUSE

Wilson & Herbert, Proprietors, corner Tejon and Cucharras streets. Dealers in Staple and Fancy groceries. BEST WATER WHITE COAL OIL 15 CENTS PER GALLON.

Vegetables delivered free to any part of the city. Don't forget it.

W. J. BOGERS & CO.
Dealers in Staple and Fancy groceries. Best WATER WHITE COAL OIL IS CENTS PER GALLON.

CURTIS STREET.

22 N. Tejon street. Lots of the finest all kinds of pickles, coff. 25 cents per pound. Fresh vegetables and fruit in season. BEST WATER WHITE COAL OIL 15 CENTS PER GALLON.

WEST SIDE GROCERY.
HEPBURN & CO. PROPRIETORS.

Fresh meats and vegetables, fruits, meats, etc. BEST WATER WHITE COAL OIL IS CENTS PER GALLON.

Agent for H. B. Sun's & Co.'s "Artist" Photos.

MINES AND MINING STOCKS.
PROUDFIT & EDSALL.
ROOM 11, HAGERMAN BLOCK.

The Grand Home Hotel, the well known and popular hotel of Colorado Springs, has been leased by the undersigned and will be run on the European plan. Rates reasonable to fit the times. Manitou Springs.

LEON HUGHES.

Dealer in Staple and Fancy groceries, fruit and vegetables. BEST WATER WHITE COAL OIL 15 CENTS PER GALLON.

Cigars. Delivery boy to all parts of the city.

Only a few more days to get low rates East at No. 10 Pike's Peak Ave. On and after October 15th prices will be advanced.

W. A. [illegible], Ticket Agent.

Mr. Vogel has retained from the east and will be found ready at his former stand, 121 Pike's Peak avenue.

A. D. CONIGUE & CO.
24 N. Tejon st., wholesale and retail grocers. BEST WATER WHITE COAL OIL IS CENTS PER GALLON.

DR. R. J. HADFIELD, northwest corner Nevada and Pike's Peak avenue.

THE CLUB COFFEE HOUSE

First class in every detail. Hot meals, oysters, [illegible] at all hours day and night. [illegible]

PASTURAGE WILL'S RANCH.

Kept strictly sanitary. Cattle fifty cents per month, 500 or more at 40 cents per month, 1,000 and upwards at 35 cents. Address, Fort Collins, Colo.

REMOVED.

Dr. [illegible] has removed to 24 W. Huerfano St., Hagerman building, first floor. P. O. Block.

Agent for H. B. Sun's & Co.'s "Artist" Photos.

J. CARRIGNER & BOY.

We stock only the best. Fresh fruits, fish, game, etc. Prompt delivery. BEST WATER WHITE COAL OIL IS CENTS PER GALLON.

Best [illegible] Photographs.

THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For District Attorney,
EDWIN T. HANNA.
For County Clerk,
WILLIAM J. MATHEWS.
For County Treasurer,
DANIEL W. ROBBINS.
For County Commissioner,
FRANK FINEGAN.
For County Assessor,
GEORGE W. MUSSER.
For Sheriff,
ROBERT A. MEIER.
For Superintendent of Schools,
VAN E. ROUSE.
For Surveyor,
FRANK E. BAXTER.
For Coroner,
DR. JULIUS A. SMITH.

OPERA HOUSE.

Tuesday, Oct. 27.

"THE FARCE COMEDY UP TO DATE."
BONNIE
KATE CASTLETON
—WITH—
Cosgrove & Grant's Comedians
In the Musical Farce-Comedy of Merriment,
THE DAZZLER
—INCLUDING—
JOS. OTT, LENA MERVILLE
And Twenty Others.
COMEDIANS 10 SOUBRETTES
Direction of GEO. H. MURRAY.
POPULAR PRICES.
Reserved Seats on sale at Midland and Santa Fe Ticket Office, Opera House Block.

One Large Room, With Board!
Second floor facing south, electric light, steam heat, for a couple $3 each; for one $10.
MRS. M. A. BISPHAM.
Kiowa St., west of Cascade Ave.

W. H. McIntyre.
Fire Insurance,
Represents the following Safe, Firmly Established and Reliable Companies:

	Assets.
Insurance Co. of North America of Philadelphia	$ [illegible]
Hartford, of Hartford	[illegible]
Phoenix, of Hartford	[illegible]
Pennsylvania, of Philadelphia	[illegible]
Continental, of New York	[illegible]
Germania, of New York	[illegible]
American, of Newark, N. J.	[illegible]
Orient, of Hartford	[illegible]

The Best is the Cheapest.

MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates.
21, 22, 23 Hagerman Block.

For Ten Days Only!
ROAD CARTS
$10.
E. F. WELLES & CO.
Carriages, Harness and Horse Goods.

OUR SALE!
We will open Monday morning our second invoice of
BEDFORD CORDS!
In new and choice shades.
Bedford Cords with Camel's Hair effects, a new and beautiful Dress Fabric.
A large assortment of Novelty Dress Goods.
Ladies' and Misses' Jackets at Low Prices.
GIDDINGS BROS. & BENT
21 South Tejon Street.

Edward Ferris.
104 Pike's Peak Avenue.
FOR SALE.
I offer choice Business Properties.
I offer choice Residence Properties in all parts of the City.
I offer choice Unimproved Properties,
NORTH, SOUTH, EAST AND WEST,
Among which are many desirable Bargains. Anyone wishing to invest should not fail to give me a call.
SPECIAL TIES.
Best Corner on Cascade avenue, 125x190 feet, pays 7 per cent. Will sell in the near future at 50 per cent. profit.
New 8 and 10 room modern houses; all conveniences; literally at less than cost. Come and buy while business is dull, prices will surely advance soon.
Money to Loan.
I have now, and will have in the next 30 days $50,000 to loan in sums of from $500 to $5,000 at reasonable rates.
Houses For Rent Furnished and Unfurnished.
Apply to
EDWARD FERRIS,
104 Pike's Peak Avenue.

McMahon & Moffatt.
Tailors of the very best order. Prices that are a marvel of cheapness when the quality of the goods is considered.
Call and see us at 17 N. Tejon, Opposite Opera House.

Removal Sale
Commencing Monday, Oct. 5.
ALL GOODS
at 20 to 40 per cent. Discount.
100 24x30 Oil Paintings with 4-inch Gilt Frame 96c.
The De La Vergne Furniture Co.,
125 to 129 So. Tejon St.

Johnson's DRY Goods AND Carpets!
Special Values This Week in
Bed Blankets,
Cashmere and Wool Hosiery,
Knit Underwear.
N. O. JOHNSON,
22 and 24 Pike's Peak Ave.

R. E. PERKINS.
Flour, Feed, Hay and Grain
Best in the City.
Prompt Delivery.
Satisfaction Guaranteed
14 East Huerfano Street.

SINTON BROS' DAIRY
Fresh Milk, Cream,
Skim Milk and Buttermilk
Delivered daily in Colorado Springs, Colorado City and Manitou. Orders by postal card will receive prompt attention.

WILBUR & WOLF,
We have just received direct from Paris, a fine assortment of
DRESS CREPES AND CHIFFONS.
Goods Confined to us, and no Duplicate Patterns.
Call and see them.
Wilbur & Wolf,
22 South Tejon Street.

TRI-CITY STAMP WORKS.

Manufacturers of
RUBBER STAMPS
Seals, Stencils, Steel Stamps, Badges, Checks, etc.
Prices guaranteed as low as the lowest.
108 N. TEJON ST.
Colorado Springs, Colo.

GODFREY KISSEL,
No. 104 Pike's Peak Ave.
FOR SALE.
Block on North Nevada avenue.
Beautiful corner lot, 100x190, facing south on Cascade avenue; very cheap.
Large ten room house on West Kiowa, near Cascade avenue, steam furnace, cellar and all modern improvements.
Eleven room house on West Bijou street, open fire places, bath, etc.
50x190 lot with small cottage on North Nevada avenue.
Lot 50x190 on North Tejon street in Eastman's Addition; cheap.
Six cottage on East Cache la Poudre street.
Cottage of eight rooms, hard wood finish, furnace, and all modern improvements, stable, etc. on North Tejon street, near college reservation.
House of ten rooms on East Huerfano street.
Furnished house on North Weber street; very cheap.
Long list of Properties, improved and unimproved, which I should be pleased to show to purchasers.
MONEY TO LOAN.

'THE BAZAAR.'
Special Sale on Books.
Geikie's Holy Land,
Napoleon and his Marshals,
History of Rome,
English Men of Letters,
Shakespeare, complete,
Hugo's Works,
Ruskin, illustrated,
Palestine, illustrated,
Gibbon's Roman Empire.
Star Letter Files, 50c. Special prices by the dozen.
A. M. SWAIN,
Opposite Antlers.

CHINA JIM,
IMPORTER OF
Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods!
CURIOSITIES, SILKS AND FINE TEAS, ETC.
121 PIKES PEAK AVE.

GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE.
All my stock of goods will be offered for sale at cost. They include China and Japan curiosities, fine China, Chinese silk and bead work and Japanese wire work.
All are cordially invited to call and examine my fine stock of goods.
TANG HING & CO.,
116 E. Pikes Peak Ave.

R. F. McCLOSKEY,
Grocer and Broker
HOUSE.
Best Butter
IN THE CITY
FOR THE MONEY.

HARGAINS
in Silver, Gilt Edge [illegible]
Wines! Liquors!
MATT CONWAY,
No. 19 East Pike's Peak Avenue

LAMPS.
I have on hand a large variety of the famous
ROCHESTER LAMPS
which I am offering at very reasonable prices.
Call and get prices.
A. MATTHEWS,
26 North Tejon Street,
Colorado Springs, Colorado.

HUGHES.
110 Pike's Peak Ave., Midland Blk.
The only Fancy Grocer in the city that makes a specialty of fine
TEAS AND COFFEES.
Armour's Star Special
Hams and Breakfast Bacons.

Thornton's Celebrated
O. T. BUTTER.
Also
B. S. BUTTER.
Will call for Orders when Requested.
TELEPHONE 82.

LOUIS LANGBEHN
Manufacturing Jeweler.
New well-selected Stock. All Orders attended to promptly and satisfactorily.
130 E. Pike's Peak Ave.,
West of Elk Hotel.

No. 9 E. Pikes Pk. MATTHEW KINNEDY No. 9 E. Pikes Pk.
Real Estate! Insurance!

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED.
House of 10 rooms and bath, good cellar, etc.; also stable and carriage house; corner lot, south and east front, $60.
5 room house, E. Cimarron St., $15.
6 room house, East Pike's Peak avenue, corner lot 100x140 and barn, $25.
Very desirable house 7 rooms and bath, North Weber street; completely furnished throughout.
Seven room house, North Nevada avenue; desirable location.
Very desirable 9 room house with bath; steam heat, gas and every modern improvement; completely furnished; also barn and carriage house. Owner wishes to go east for all winter and will rent at low figure.
Very desirable 8 room house, with bath, electric lights, open fires, steam heat and every modern convenience, and elegantly furnished throughout. Located on Cucharras street, near car line.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED.
Very desirable 7 room house, Bijou St. This house is very convenient and desirable location in first class condition.
Desirable 7 room cottage with bath; south exposition; stable and carriage house. Hill k Platte avenue, fronting on the park.
Elegant 6 rooms and bath, 11 North Wahsatch; fully furnished; including piano, only $35.
Very desirable house 7 rooms and bath, North Weber street; completely furnished throughout.
Seven room house, North Nevada avenue; desirable location.
Very desirable 9 room house with bath; steam heat, gas and every modern improvement; completely furnished; also barn and carriage house. Owner wishes to go east for all winter and will rent at low figure.
Very desirable 8 room house, with bath, electric lights, open fires, steam heat and every modern convenience, and elegantly furnished throughout. Located on Cucharras street, near car line.

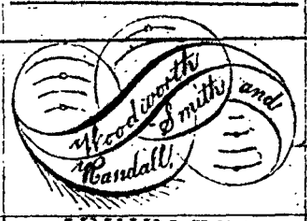
Make Your Money Earn Money!
We offer a full lot, big trees in front of it, on Colorado avenue, for $750 and will take $250 as first payment. Your money will earn money if you put it in this.
Corner lot on Colorado avenue for $950. The cheapest corner on that avenue.
Full lot on Tejon street for $1300 on $75 payments.
Three pieces of choice acreage cheap.
MATTHEW KINNEDY,
The Pioneer Installment Real Estate Dealers.
28½ South Tejon Street. Office open until 8 p. m.

FRANK DUTTON & CO.
19 North Tejon Street.
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT!!
IN order to get the SHOPPING PUBLIC of Colorado Springs used to our store and to introduce our stock we take a new way of Advertising.
Each week we shall take TWO articles and sell them at a very low price. The quantity will not be limited and we feel sure our customers will appreciate this opportunity to purchase staple articles at a very low figure.
At the end of the year the goods will be marked at our regular prices which, even then, are much lower than elsewhere.
Special for this Week only:
1. Carter's Little Liver Pills 12½c
2. Allcock's Porous Plasters 12½c
ANOTHER LARGE LOT
OF
[illegible]
Hygienic Underwear!
Received at
PERKINS & HOLBROOK,
Clothiers, Bank Block.

J. D. MACMILLAN,
Dealer in Mines and Mining Stocks.
[illegible] Co., [illegible]
First National Bank of Aspen.
P. O. Box 153, Aspen, Colo.
ASPEN CALL STOCK LIST.
Mollie Gibson, Argentum and Juniata, Bushwhacker, Little Annie, Best Friend, Park, Maude and Queen, St. Jos and Mineral Farm Con., Aspen Mining & Smelting Co., Pontiac, Della S.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

SPECIAL SALE. UNDERWEAR Until NOV. 1 WEAR SPECIAL SALE. Until NOV. 1
We will give a discount off on all Goods in this line. Come and reap the benefit.
H. C. SHIMP.
Clothier, Hatter and Furnisher,
15 North Tejon Street.

AUCTION SALE!
Of Household Furniture. The entire Furniture and Furnishings of the
NEVADA HOUSE,
115 South Nevada avenue, at 10 o'clock a. m. Continued to Tuesday, Oct. 27th, 1891.
SHIDELER & PROCTOR, Auctioneers.



JEWELERS,
25 N. Tejon St. Hagerman Block.
Received To-day
Large Invoice of Solid Silver
IN CASES.
Solid Gold, Solid Silver and Plated Goods
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
The Largest Store and Largest Stock of JEWELRY in the city.
CALL AND SEE THEM.

10-DAY
And To-morrow
Oct. 27 and 28 only.
ALL
Dining Room
FURNITURE
Will be offered at
[illegible]
Per Cent. Discount
Plain Figures
—AND—
STRAIGHT GOODS
—AT—
114 and 116 Pike's Peak Ave.
JOHN LENNOX.

WIRE, IRON,
—AND—
ELECTRICAL WORK!
Of Every Description.
Novelties, Model Making, and General Repair Work.
HASSELL & TALCOTT
24 West Huerfano Street.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Financial Improvement Company for the election of directors and such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of The Colorado Springs Company at Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the 2nd day of November 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day.
F. H. DAVIS,
Secretary.
Colorado Springs, October 21, 1891.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Lone Star Land Company for the election of directors and such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Colorado Springs Company, at Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the 2nd day of November 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day.
F. H. DAVIS,
Secretary.
Colorado Springs, October 21, 1891.

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